

CONSULTANTS IN ENGINEERING, ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE & PLANNING

APPENDIX 11.1

Geothech Assessment Report





CONSULTANTS IN ENGINEERING, ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE & PLANNING

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT REPORT (EIAR) FOR THE PROPOSED COUMNAGAPPUL WIND FARM, CO. WATERFORD

Geotechnical Assessment Report (GAR)

Prepared for:

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 General

This document is the Geotechnical Assessment Report (GAR) for the proposed Coumnagappul Windfarm site (Site). It has been prepared to accompany the Volume 2, Chapter 11 - Soils, Geology and Hydrogeology Chapter of the EIAR.

The GAR specifically focusses on:

- peat stability;
- assessment and interpretation of desk study, site reconnaissance and ground investigation findings; and
- geotechnical considerations for infrastructure elements across the Site.

1.2 Background and Experience

Fehily Timoney and Company (FT) is an Irish engineering, environmental science and planning consultancy with offices in Cork, Dublin and Carlow. The practice was established in 1990 and currently has 100 members of staff, including engineers, scientists, planners and technical support staff. FT deliver projects in Ireland and internationally in our core competency areas of Waste Management, Environment and Energy, Civils Infrastructure, Planning and GIS and Data Management.

FT have been involved in over 100 wind farm developments in both Ireland and the UK at various stages of development i.e. preliminary feasibility, planning, design, construction and operational stage and have established themselves as one of the leading engineering consultancies in peat stability assessment, geohazard mapping in peat land areas, investigation of peat failures and site assessment of peat.

1.3 Proposed Works

The Site is located approximately 15km north of Dungarvan, Co. Waterford and comprises agricultural fields and forestry across a mountainous terrain.

The proposed development comprises 10 no. turbine wind farm and associated infrastructure including internal access tracks, hard standings, permanent meteorological mast, onsite substation, internal electrical and communications cabling, temporary construction compound, a borrow pit, drainage infrastructure and all associated works related to the construction of the wind farm.

A detailed description of the elements included within the proposed development is included in Section 2.2 of Chapter 2 of the main EIAR. It should be noted that the Grid Connection Route (GCR) and the Turbine Delivery Route (TDR) are not included in this geotechnical assessment.

1.4 Contents of Report

The report includes the following:

- Desk study
- Peat Stability Assessment

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CLIENT: PROJECT NAME: SECTION:

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- Site reconnaissance
- Summary of ground conditions
- Ground Investigation
- Geotechnical considerations for infrastructural elements
- Mitigation Measures



2. DESK STUDY

2.1 General

As part of this assessment a desk study was undertaken to determine the baseline conditions within the study area to provide relevant background information. The desk top study involved an examination of the following sources of information:

- · Geology of Waterford
- Groundwater Protection Scheme for County Waterford
- Aerial imagery from Google, Bing and OSi (Geohive)
- Waterford City and County Development Plan 2022-2028
- Current and historical (6 inch and 25 inch) Ordnance Survey maps
- Waterford Renewables Energy Strategy 2016 2030
- Flood Risk Data
- Ecological Designations
- Mapping data of the area produced by the Geological Survey of Ireland (GSI)
 - Quaternary subsoil geology
 - 100k bedrock geology
 - Karst features
 - Geological heritage features
 - Aggregate potential
 - Landslide susceptibility
 - Catchment & Management Units
 - Groundwater Bodies Status and Risk
 - Drinking Water Protection Areas
 - Groundwater Resources (Aquifers)
 - Groundwater Wells and Springs
 - Groundwater Vulnerability
- Datasets from the EPA
- European Union open datasets

The above references were consulted in July 2023.

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2.2 Soils, Subsoil & Bedrock

The Geological Survey Ireland's (GSI) Quaternary Sediments mapping shows that the site is intermittently covered by a mantle of Blanket Peat. A wide (170-400m) north-south trending swath of till derived from Devonian sandstone traverses the middle of the site and is flanked on both sides by Blanket Peat and terminates 400m south of Milk Hill. This stratum is anticipated to underlie much of the peat deposits. A narrow (approx. 30m in width) linear deposit of Alluvium, straddling the Colligan River, runs along the eastern flank of the till. Similar deposits are found to the south of the site along Coumavane Stream.

The remaining areas of the site comprise bedrock outcrop/subcrop and scree deposits; the distribution of these strata reflect areas of higher more exposed elevations, which typically display steeper topographic relief.

From the site walkovers, and confirming GSI information, a thin mantle of Blanket Peat covers a large portion of the project area, with maximum peat depths of 700mm within the western portion of the site near turbine T03. In general, thinner peat layers are encountered in areas of higher elevation. The average recorded peat depth across the site is 0.14m below ground level (bgl).

The GSI 1:100,000 scale bedrock geology map shows that the main wind farm site is underlain by a conformable sequence of broadly northeast-southwest striking Upper Devonian rocks as set out in Table 9-6, which form the northern limb of a regional east-west trending antiformal structure. The south-eastern extent of the site is underlain by the Treanearla Formation. These are followed by the Sheskin and Kilnafrehan Conglomerate Formations which make up much of the central portion of the site. The north-western extent of the site is underlain by the Ballytrasna Formation.

2.3 Hydrogeology

2.3.1 Aquifer Classification

According to the GSI and EPA datasets, the site is entirely located within a locally important aquifer with bedrock which is moderately productive only in local zones. The site lies within the Kilrion and Comeragh groundwater bodies.

2.3.2 Groundwater Vulnerability

Groundwater vulnerability, as defined by the GSI, is the term used to represent the intrinsic and hydrogeological characteristics that determine the ease of which groundwater could be contaminated by human activities. The vulnerability of an aquifer to contamination is influenced by the leaching characteristics of the topsoil, the permeability and thickness of the subsoil, the presence of an unsaturated zone, the type of aquifer, and the amount and form of recharge (the hydraulic process where water moved downward from surface water to groundwater).

Groundwater vulnerability is determined mainly according to the thickness and permeability of the subsoil that underlies the topsoil, as both properties strongly influence the travel times and attenuation process of contaminants that could be released into the subsurface from below the topsoil.

The GSI's Groundwater Vulnerability mapping within the Site ranges from 'X – Rock at or near Surface' to 'H – High'. Areas of 'E – Extreme' Groundwater Vulnerability are located around mapped bedrock outcrop or subcrop, where a thin mantle of blanket peat is present.

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2.3.3 Karst Features

According to the GSI mapping, there are no karst features recorded within the Site or the wider study area. Karst features are not likely to occur within the Site or broader study area due to the absence of carbonate bedrock. The closest mapped karst feature is a swallow hole within Waulsortian Limestone located approximately 10km west-northwest of the Site.

2.4 Landslide Susceptibility

From a review of the GSI Landslide Susceptibility database, the Project and proposed infrastructure locations are generally located within areas of 'Low' to 'Moderately High' susceptibility, with localised areas classified as 'High'. A summary of the GSI landslide susceptibility with respect to the Project is provided in Figure 11.13 in Chapter 11 of the main EIAR.

Turbines T2, T7, T8, T10, T11 and T12 and portions of the access roads linking these turbines are all located in areas mapped as having a 'Moderately High' to 'High' landslide susceptibility. These areas directly correlate with mapped Blanket Peat deposits. Field observations at these locations recorded slope angles ranging from 6 to 15° and peat depths of between 0.2 and 0.3m with no evidence of historic slope instability observed. In addition, desktop review of available aerial photography did not identify evidence of slope instability. It is therefore considered that the risk of landslide at the turbine locations and along the access tracks is considered to be negligible and that the GSI Landslide Susceptibility Classification rating at these locations does not accurately reflect actual ground conditions encountered on site i.e. shallow peat or complete absence of peat deposits.

The remaining turbines, substation, met mast, Colligan river crossing point, construction compound areas and borrow pit are all located in areas mapped as having a 'Moderately Low' to 'Low' landslide susceptibility. Conditions observed through field assessments are reflective of same.

Field observations indicate that the deeper peat deposits encountered at the Colligan River crossing (discussed in Section 11.3.10 in Chapter 11 of the main EIAR.) are isolated and not laterally continuous. They are therefore considered to pose a negligible risk with respect to slope instability.

No evidence of slope instability was observed at the Site and there are no historical records of landslide activity within 1km of the Site on the GSI database.

2.5 Ordnance Survey Data

The online ordnance survey imagery (OSI 2023) was reviewed as part of the desk study. Analysis of aerial imagery dating back to 2000 found there has been little change in the proposed wind farm location.

A review of the historical mapping for the area identified no notable features from a geotechnical point of view.

2.6 Previous Ground Investigation Data

Based on a review of the information available (GSI 2023), there are no publicly available intrusive investigation points within a 5km radius of the proposed site boundary.

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3. PEAT STABILITY ASSESSMENT

Following the Site walkover and given the presence of small areas of peat deposits and peaty topsoil within the Site, a review of the published checklist for peat landslide hazard and risk assessment was carried out. This was undertaken in accordance with the following best practice guidance: Scottish Executive – Peat Landslide Hazard and Risk Assessments (2017).

The potential for a landslide risk is defined in the Scottish Executive "Peat Landslide Hazard and Risk Assessments, Best Practice Guide for Proposed Electricity Generation Developments" (2017) as the following:

- Peat is present at the development Site in excess of 0.5 m depth, and;
- There is evidence of current or historical landslide activity at the Site, or;
- Slopes > 2° are present on-Site, or;
- The works will impinge on the peat covered areas and cannot be relocated to avoid peat covered areas.

A peat survey was carried out by an FT Graduate Geotechnical Engineer (Dana Aspel BSc. MSc, FGS, MIAH) in July 2020 and an additional peat survey was carried out by FT Chartered Principal Geologist (Aaron Clarke BSc., MSc. EurGeol., PGeo.) in October 2022. Peat depths were taken using a hand held Van Walt peat probe at proposed turbine and associated infrastructure locations. Results from the surveys indicate that peat depths were generally very thin and characteristic of a highly organic Topsoil with a Peaty appearance. Depths ranged from 0.05 to 0.6m with mean and median values of 0.12 and 0.10m respectively.

The deepest deposit (0.60m) was encountered in the banks of a stream at ITM coordinates E 624238, N 608607 and is immediately flanked by shallow deposits to the east and west of 0.25 and 0.0m respectively. The survey results show this to be an outlier and not representative of peat depths across the Site. It will therefore be discounted. The next deepest deposit encountered was 0.40m.

As such and in accordance with the Scottish Executive Best Practice Guide for Proposed Electricity Generation Developments (2017), as peat deposits at the proposed turbine locations were <0.5m in depth a peat stability assessment was not warranted.

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4. FINDINGS OF SITE RECONNAISSANCE

4.1 Site Reconnaissance

As part of the assessment of potential peat failure at the proposed site, FT carried out a site reconnaissance in conjunction with the desk study review described in Section 3. This comprised walkover inspections of the site with recording of salient geomorphological features with respect to the wind farm development which included peat depth and preliminary assessment of peat strength. General photographs of the site are included at the end of the main text.

The following salient geomorphological features were considered:

- Active, incipient or relict instability (where present) within the peat deposits;
- Presence of shallow valley or drainage line;
- Wet areas;
- Any change in vegetation;
- Peat depth;
- Slope inclination and break in slope.

The survey covered the proposed locations for the turbine bases and associated infrastructure.

The method adopted for carrying out the site reconnaissance relied on experienced practitioners carrying out a visual assessment of the site supplemented with measurement of slope inclinations.

4.2 Findings of Site Reconnaissance

The site reconnaissance comprised of walkover inspections of the site during July 2020 and October 2022 carried out by an FT Graduate Geotechnical Engineer (Dana Aspel BSc. MSc, FGS, MIAH) and an FT Chartered Principal Geologist (Aaron Clarke BSc., MSc. EurGeol., PGeo.) respectively.

The findings from the site walkovers have been used to optimise the layout of the infrastructure on site.

The main findings of the site walkover of the wind farm site are as follows:

- 1. The site is typically covered in a thin layer of peat and is located along a steep mountainous area. Peat depths vary across the site depending on mainly topography.
- 2. Peat depths recorded from peat probing across the site ranged from 0.1 to 0.7m with an average depth of 0.14m.
- 3. In general, thinner peat layers were encountered in areas of higher elevation/steeper terrain. Approximately 96% of the peat depths recorded across the Site were less than 0.5m. Where peat depths of >0.50m were encountered, these are considered to be isolated occurrences, which showed little to no lateral persistence and were not located in the vicinity of any proposed wind farm infrastructure.
- 4. Slope angle readings were obtained by FT during the site reconnaissance using a handheld Silva Clino Master which has an accuracy of +/- 0.25 degrees. Slope angles at the infrastructure locations were as follows:
 - a. Slopes at the proposed turbine locations range from 3 to 15°.

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- b. Slopes at the proposed Colligan River crossing range from between 9 and 16° and form an approximate 5m deep and 20-30m wide north-south trending river valley. The valley walls were heavily vegetated with predominantly ferns. Washed Till (gravel, cobbles and boulders) was exposed within the bed of the Colligan River.
- c. Slopes at the proposed substation location range from 8 to 16°.
- d. Slopes at the proposed borrow pit location are typically <2°.
- 5. No evidence of past failures or any significant signs of peat instability were noted during the site reconnaissance.



5. SUMMARY OF SITE CONDITIONS AT INFRASTRUCTURE LOCATIONS

As part of the site reconnaissance, details of any soft ground and slope angles were recorded throughout the site. Inspections were completed at the proposed turbine locations, access tracks, constructions compounds, substations and borrow pits.

A summary of the site conditions at the proposed infrastructure locations is given in Table 5.1.

Table 5-1: Summary of Site Walkover Findings at Proposed Infrastructure Locations

Infrastructure Element	Easting	Northing	Peat Depth (m)	Slope (o)
T01	623835	610089	0.10	3
Т02	624451	610261	0.20	12
T04	623768	609484	0.00	7
T05	624336	609617	0.00	12
Т06	624980	609599	0.35	12
Т07	624818	608984	0.05	13
Т08	624438	608381	0.05	7
T10	624741	608021	0.10	15
T11	625250	607860	0.15	13
T12	623731	608209	0.10	12
Colligan River Crossing Point (East Bank)	624257	608606	0.25	16
Colligan River Crossing Point (West Bank)	624216	608590	0.00-0.60 Note 1	9
Borrow Pit	624463	610466	0.20	2
On-Site Substation	624063	609128	0.00	16

Note 1 - 0.60m deep peat deposit localised to area adjacent to Colligan River. Adjacent peat probe locations show peat depths of 0 to 0.25m. The deeper peat deposit was noted as an isolated occurrences, forming as a small pocket on the banks of the Colligan River and is believed to have no lateral persistence.

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6. GROUND INVESTIGATION

One ground investigation has been undertaken across the site. This ground investigation was carried out by Ground Investigations Ireland (GII) during December 2022 and January 2023 and consisted of 21 no. trial pits and 2 no. rotary core boreholes.

The trial pits logs, photographs and associated laboratory testing are included in Appendix A of this report.

6.1 Summary of Ground Conditions

Trial pits were excavated at the turbine, met mast, substation, borrow pit and river crossing point locations. Boreholes were advanced at the proposed borrow pit location and at the proposed Colligan River crossing point. A summary of ground and groundwater conditions encountered during the intrusive ground investigation are presented in Table 6-1.

Table 6-1: Site Assessment Summary

	Strata Depth From To (m bgl)						Groundwater
Site Element (Hole ID)	Peat	Fine Grained Till	Coarse Grained Till	Very Course Grained (>200mm) Till	Possible Bedrock _{Note1}	Confirmed Bedrock	Strike (m bgl)
T01 (TP- 01)	0.00-0.15	0.15-1.50	-	1.5-3.00	3.00	-	1.50
T02 (TP- 02)	0.00-0.25	0.25-2.40 Note 2	-	-	2.40	-	2.20
T04 (TP- 03)	0.00-0.15	-	0.15-2.10	-	2.10	-	Dry
T05 (TP- 04)	0.00-0.35	0.35-1.70	1.70-3.10	-	3.10	-	Dry
T06 (TP- 05)	0.00-0.45	0.45-0.80	0.80-2.00	-	2.00	-	0.80
T07 (TP- 06)	0.00-0.30	0.30-4.20	-	-	4.20	-	Dry
T08 (TP- 14)	0.00-0.30	0.30-1.50	1.50-2.00	2.00-3.00	3.00	-	Dry
T10 (TP- 15)	0.00-0.20	0.20-1.00	1.00-4.30	-	4.30	-	3.80
T11 (TP- 16)	0.00-0.20	0.20-4.00	-	-	4.00	-	Dry
T12 (TP- 13)	0.00-0.20	0.20-3.40	-	-	3.40	-	1.20
Met Mast (TP-22)	0.00-0.40	0.40-3.50	-	3.50-3.80	3.80	-	3.70



	Strata Depth From To (m bgl)						Groundwater
Site Element (Hole ID)	Peat	Fine Grained Till	Coarse Grained Till	Very Course Grained (>200mm) Till	Possible Bedrock _{Note1}	Confirmed Bedrock	Strike (m bgl)
Colligan River Crossing Point (TP-12 and BH- 04)	0.00- 0.80 ^{Note 3} (TP-12) 0.00-0.25 (BH-04)	0.80-1.30 (TP-12) 6.50-14.00 (BH-04)	1.30-3.60 (TP-12) 0.25-6.50 (BH-04)	-	3.60 (TP-12)	14.00-20.00 (BH-04)	1.80 (TP-12) Dry (BH-04)
Borrow Pit (TP-21 and BH- 03)	0.00-0.20 (TP-21) 0.00-0.30 (BH-03)	-	0.20-2.50 (TP-21) 0.30-1.90 (BH-03)	-	2.50 (TP-21)	1.90-10.00 (BH-03)	1.00 ^(TP-21) Dry ^(BH-03)
On-Site Substation (TP-007 to TP-11)	0.00-0.15 (TP-07) 0.00-0.20 (TP-08) 0.00-0.40 (TP-09) 0.00-0.25 (TP-10) 0.00-0.20 (TP-11)	0.15-3.00 (TP-07) 0.20-3.00 (TP-08) 0.40-3.50 (TP-09) 0.25-1.80 (TP-10) 0.20-2.80 (TP-11)	1.80-3.70 (TP-10)	-	3.00 (TP-07) 3.00 (TP-08) 3.50 (TP-09) 3.70 (TP-10) 2.80 (TP-11)	-	Dry ^(TP-7) 1.00 ^(TP-08) Dry ^(TP-9) Dry ^(TP-10) Dry ^(TP-11)

Note 1 – typically described as COBBLES and BOULDERS at the base of trial pits. Trial pits terminated on these horizons and they were recorded as "Possible boulders of bedrock".

Note 2 – stratum interbedded with coarse-grained till.

Note 3 – 0.80m deep peat deposit localised to area adjacent to Colligan River. An adjacent peat probe location (approximately 3m from the trial pit) shows a peat depth of 0.25m.

Ground conditions at key infrastructure locations generally comprise a thin mantle of peat over Glacial Till, which in turn is underlain by bedrock.

Peat deposits (where present) range in thickness from 0.15 to 0.80m with a mean and median peat thickness of 0.30 and 0.25m respectively. The deepest deposits are located adjacent to the Colligan River and are considered to be an isolated occurrence and not representative of the whole Site.

The Till deposits, which were found to comprise both fine and coarse grained material, were typically encountered immediately beneath the Blanket Peat to depths not exceeding of 4.3m.

However, in borehole BH-04 (located to the west of the proposed Colligan River crossing), Till was encountered between 0.25 and 14m bgl and was recorded as a dense GRAVEL, over very stiff CLAY and SILT. These thickened Till deposits are not typical of the overall Site and are likely a result of phased depositional episodes within the Colligan River valley base.



At the proposed borrow pit location bedrock was encountered at 1.90m bgl (BH-03). Bedrock comprised medium strong, thickly bedded, red fine-grained sandstone of the Ballytrasna Formation. Two distinct discontinuity sets were recorded within the sandstone with orientations of sub-horizontal to sub-vertical and spacings ranging from close (60-200mm) to wide (600-2000mm).

Groundwater strikes were recorded in several of the exploratory holes (Table 6-1) at depths ranging from 0.8 to 3.8m bgl. These readings were taken as each exploratory hole was being advance and therefore do not reflect potential seasonal groundwater variations.

6.2 Summary of Laboratory Tests

Samples were selected from the exploratory holes for a range of geotechnical and chemical testing to assist in the classification of soils and to provide information for the proposed design.

Chemical testing as required by the specification, including pH, total sulphur, water soluble sulphate, water soluble chloride, acid soluble sulphate, and organic matter testing was carried out by Element Materials Technology Laboratory in the United Kingdom (UK).

Geotechnical testing consisting of moisture content, Atterberg limits, Particle Size Distribution (PSD), hydrometer, California Bearing Ratio (CBR), Moisture Condition Value (MCV) and 2.5kg Rammer Compaction tests were carried out by Professional Soils Laboratory (PSL) in the UK.

The Atterberg tests carried out in cohesive till deposits indicate the samples were generally classified as Clay of low to intermediate plasticity. Particle size distribution tests in this material show the percentages of sands and gravels range between 16-57% and the fines contents range from 24-42%.

6.3 Summary of Geotechnical Parameters

Table 6.2 below summarises the characteristic geotechnical parameters for the main soil strata encountered on site on ground investigation carried out so far. Where direct measurement of parameters has not been carried out, established correlations with measured properties have been used to derive values. Characteristic values are defined as a cautious estimate of the value affecting the occurrence of limit state based on clause 2.4.5.2 from Eurocode 7.

Table 6-2: Summary of Geotechnical Parameters

		Geotechnic	cal Parameters		
Material Type/ Strata	Unit Weight	Undrained Parameters	Drained Parameters		
	γ (kN/m3)	cu (kPa)	φ' (°)	c' (kPa)	
Peat	10	4	25	4	
Cohesive Material	19	30	30	0	
Granular Material	21	-	32	0	

The above parameters are indicative only and have been derived based on experience and from a review of the ground investigation carried out at the site.



Where direct measurement of parameters has not been carried out, established correlations with measured properties have been used to derive values.

A lower bound undrained shear strength (cu) for the peat of 4kPa was selected. This is considered to be a conservative value. Recorded undrained shear strengths within the peat deposits typically attained values much higher than 4kPa. Geotechnical considerations for infrastructure elements

6.4 Turbine Foundations

Based on a review of the GSI information for the area and findings from the site reconnaissance carried out by FT, an assessment of the likely foundation types found that excavate and replace construction (founded) would be suitable for the turbine foundations.

It should be noted that a ground investigation will be carried out at each turbine location prior to construction to confirm the turbine foundation type. The ground investigation will be in the form of a borehole with in-situ SPT testing at 1.0m intervals in the overburden and follow-on rotary core through bedrock.

For gravity type turbine foundations, where the depth of excavation exceeds the minimum required founding depth for the proposed turbine base, up-fill material consisting of granular fill (6N/6P) in accordance with Transport Infrastructure Ireland (TII) requirements will be used to backfill the excavation to the required founding depth.

A selection of soil samples taken from various infrastructure locations across the site were subject to BRE-SD1 testing. The results indicate that the soil is slightly acidic and has low levels of chloride and sulphate therefore will not be aggressive to concrete. Results from the BRE-SD1 testing are included in Appendix 4 of the GII Ground Investigation Report which is included in Appendix A.

6.5 Colligan River Crossing

It is proposed to install a single span bridge structure over the Colligan River to allow access between turbines T8 and T12. In general, ground conditions at the river crossing are good, comprising dense to very dense GRAVEL and very stiff SILT and CLAY. Provided there is sufficient distance between the proposed bridge abutments and the adjacent Colligan River and associated valley walls, a bank seat type foundation can be constructed. This can be founded on the underlying dense to very dense GRAVEL and will require a regulating layer of Class 6N2 upfill. For this foundation option it is anticipated that a minimum 1.3m excavation depth is required to expose the underlying GRAVEL subgrade.

Further excavation may be required depending on the final bridge design and for the removal of localised soft spots. Piled foundations can also be considered, particularly if there is a concern of contamination of the Colligan River arising from excavations at the abutments. Due to the likely presence of cobbles and boulders within the underlying strata, bored end bearing piles are recommended. These can be advanced through the GRAVEL and terminate within the underlying very stiff CLAY at an anticipated depth of 10m bgl. It is estimated that approximately eight piles per abutment will be required, subject to loading and detailed design.

It is anticipated that the approach embankments to the bridge structure can be founded directly on top of the dense to very dense GRAVEL. The ground investigation findings indicate that the GRAVEL is encountered between 0.7 (BH-04) and 1.3m bgl (TP-12). Additional depth of excavation may be required where soft spots are encountered. Benching into the existing slopes may also be required due to sloping ground conditions.



Localised dig and replace of soft spots at both the bridge structure and approach earthworks may be required. Groundwater was encountered at a depth of 1.8m bgl within the trial pit displaying a moderate flow. This may necessitate appropriate temporary drainage measures during excavation works. There are no signs of slope instability at the site and following on from a slope stability analysis the construction of the bridge should not impact the slope stability in the area.

6.6 Access Tracks

Up to 0.96km of existing access tracks requiring upgrade are present across the site and based on anecdotal information have been in operation for a significant number of years. The existing access tracks were constructed using the excavate and replace construction technique.

Up to 11.94km of new proposed access roads will be constructed as part of the wind farm construction. Due to the ground conditions, the access tracks on site will be founded. The proposed make-up of the founded access tracks is a stone thickness of 500mm. The requirement for a layer of geotextile and geogrid and the necessary stone thickness will be confirmed prior to construction.

6.7 Crane Hardstands

The crane hardstands will be constructed using the founded technique (i.e. not floated technique).

Crane hardstands are generally constructed using compacted Class 1/6F material (in accordance with TII requirements) on a suitable sub-formation to achieve the required bearing resistance. The hardstands will be designed for the most critical loading combinations from the crane.

The founding levels for the hardstands may be variable across the site and will be determined prior to construction.

The expected make-up of the hardstands will include up to 1m of granular stone fill with a layer of geotextile and/or geogrid.

6.8 Substation Foundations & Platforms

The substation platforms will be constructed using the founded technique. The substation foundations will comprise strip/raft foundations under the main footprint of the building with possibly a basement/pit for cable connections.

Substation platforms are generally constructed using compacted Class 1/6F material (in accordance with TII requirements) on a suitable sub-formation to achieve the required bearing resistance.

Given the ground conditions present at the proposed substations, it is envisaged that the foundations will require to be founded on mineral soil or bedrock.

The make-up of the substation platform will include up to 750mm of granular stone fill with possibly a layer of geotextile and/or geogrid. At the underside of the substation foundations, a layer of structural up-fill (class 6N/6P - in accordance with TII requirements) will likely be required.

6.9 Temporary Construction Compound Platforms

The construction compound platforms will be constructed using founded techniques.



The construction compound platforms are generally constructed using compacted Class 1/6F material (in accordance with TII requirements) on a suitable sub-formation to achieve the required bearing resistance.

The make-up of the construction compound platform will include up to 1000mm of granular stone fill with possibly a layer of geotextile and/or geogrid.

6.10 Borrow Pit

At the proposed borrow pit location bedrock was encountered at 1.90m bgl (BH-03). Bedrock comprised medium strong, thickly bedded, red fine-grained sandstone of the Ballytrasna Formation. Site observations at nearby bedrock outcrops identified two distinct discontinuity sets within the sandstone with orientations of sub-horizontal to sub-vertical and spacings ranging from close (60-200mm) to wide (600-2000mm). Borehole logs from BH03 indicate two main discontinuity sets:

- Sub horizontal fractures with close (60-200mm) to medium (200-600) spacing; and
- Sub-vertical fractures with medium (200-600mm) to wide spacing (600-2000mm).

Point load and UCS testing was carried out on rock samples taken from the two boreholes carried out on Site (BH03 at the proposed Borrow Pit location and BH04 at the Colligan River Crossing). The results of these tests, coupled with the recorded discontinuity spacings indicate that the rock can be excavated by using a combination of digging and ripping techniques (after Pettifer and Fookes, 1994). Blasting will not be required .

Rock samples from the boreholes underwent additional testing to include natural water content, water absorption, magnesium sulphate soundness and Los Angeles Abrasion (LAV) testing. Results from this testing indicate that the rock present at the borrow pit is suitable for use as Class 1 General Fill as well as selected Class 6 materials (subject to further material acceptance testing). The laboratory results for all testing are included in Appendix 4 of the GII Ground Investigation Report (presented in Appendix A).

Imported stone fill be required to form the upper layers of the infrastructure elements.

6.11 Re-use of Site Won Material Other Than Bedrock

Soil samples from trial pits underwent, Partical Size Dsitribution (PSD), compaction, Moisture Condition Value (MCV) and California Bearing Ratio (CBR) tests. The results from these tests indicate that the gravels present within the Site are suitable to be reused as general fill. The laboratory results for all testing are included in Appendix 4 of the GII Ground Investigation Report (presented in Appendix A).



7. CONSTRUCTION OF ACCESS TRACKS

There will be approximately 12.9km of internal access tracks associated with the Site. This will be a combination of existing track upgrade and construction of new tracks; approximately 11.94km of new track construction and approximately 0.96km of existing track upgrade.

7.1 Upgrade of Existing Access Tracks

This methodology includes procedures that will be included in the construction to minimise any adverse impact on peat stability.

- The following guidelines will be implemented in full:
- Excavation will be required on one or both sides of the existing access track to a competent stratum.
- Granular fill will be placed in layers in accordance with the designer's specification.
- The surface of the existing access track will be overlaid with up to 300mm of selected granular fill.
- Access roads will be finished with a layer of capping across the full width of the road.
- A layer of geogrid/geotextile may be required at the surface of the existing access road in areas of
 excessive rutting (to be confirmed by the site engineer).
- For excavations in spoil, side slopes shall be not greater than 1 (v): 2. This slope inclination will be reviewed during construction, as appropriate.
- The finished road width will be approximately 5m.
- On side long sloping ground any road widening works required will be done on the upslope side of the existing access road, where possible.
- A final surface layer will be placed over the existing access track, as per design requirements, to provide a suitable road profile and graded to accommodate wind turbine construction and delivery traffic.

7.2 Construction of New Access Tracks

The excavation of topsoil & spoil and founding of access roads on competent stratum for new access roads will be carried out at various locations on the site.

This methodology includes procedures that are to be included in the construction to minimise any adverse impact on peat stability.

- Interceptor drains will be installed upslope of the access road alignment to divert any surface water away from the construction area.
- Excavation will take place to a competent stratum beneath the topsoil (as agreed with the site designer and resident engineer).
- Road construction will be carried out in sections of 50m lengths i.e. no more than 50m of access road to be excavated without re-placement with stone fill.
- The surface of the excavated access road will be overlaid with 500mm of selected granular fill. Granular fill to be placed in layers in accordance with the designer's specification.
- Access roads to be finished with a layer of capping across the full width of the road.

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- A layer of geogrid/geotextile will be required at the surface of the competent stratum (subject to confirmation by the Site Engineer).
- A final surface layer will be placed over the excavated road, as per design requirements, to provide a suitable road profile and graded to accommodate wind turbine construction and delivery traffic.



8. SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

8.1 Summary

FT was engaged by EM Power to undertake a geotechnical assessment of the proposed Coumnagappul wind farm site. The assessment comprised a site walkover, desk study, summary of ground conditions and geotechnical considerations for the infrastructure elements.

The main findings of the site reconnaissance are as follows:

- The ground conditions typically comprise a thin mantle of peaty topsoil over mineral soil over bedrock.
- The bedrock is likely to be suitable for re-use within the lower layers of access roads, crane hardstands, lay down areas, etc.
- The borrow pit is to provide sufficient quantity of Class 1 general fill and selected Class 6 material (subject to further material acceptability testing)
- All proposed access tracks for the wind farm will comprise upgrading of existing founded access tracks and construction of new proposed access tracks using excavate and replace construction techniques.
- A network of existing tracks is present on the site. It is proposed to upgrade these existing tracks and construct additional tracks to provide access to the turbine locations.
- No evidence of past failures or any signs of instability were noted on site or as part of the desk study.

8.2 Mitigation Measures

Shallow peat depths and lack of evidence pertaining to historic peat failures indicate the Site poses an imperceptible risk with respect to peat instability. However, a number of mitigation/control measures are proposed to ensure that all works adhere to an acceptable standard of safety for work in upland site conditions. Mitigation/control measures identified for the infrastructure elements are discussed in Section 11.6, Volume 2, Chapter 11 of the main EIAR and should be taken into account and implemented throughout design and construction works.

There is a risk of water ingress during excavation for the footings above the level of bedrock at the site. As such, provisions should be made for sump pumping should water ingress occur. Should foundations be required to advance below bedrock dewatering infrastructure should be considered prior to construction commencing.



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APPENDIX A

GII Ground Investigation Report





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Ground Investigations Ireland

Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Fehily Timoney and Company

Ground Investigation Report

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Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd. present the results of the fieldworks and laboratory testing in accordance with the specification and related documents provided by or on behalf of the client. The possibility of variation in the ground and/or groundwater conditions between or below exploratory locations or due to the investigation techniques employed must be taken into account when this report and the appendices inform designs or decisions where such variation may be considered relevant. Ground and/or groundwater conditions may vary due to seasonal, man-made or other activities not apparent during the fieldworks and no responsibility can be taken for such variation. The data presented and the recommendations included in this report and associated appendices are intended for the use of the client and the client's geotechnical representative only and any duty of care to others is excluded unless approved in writing.





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1.0 Preamble

On the instructions of Fehily Timoney and Company, a site investigation was carried out by Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd. (GII) between December 2022 and February 2023 at the site of the proposed wind farm at Coumnagappul, County Waterford,

2.0 Overview

2.1. Background

Construction of a new wind farm with associated substations, cabling and access road network is proposed at the site in Coumnagappul, County Waterford. The site forms part of the Comeragh Mountains and is located approximately 37 km to the West of Waterford City. At the time of the site investigation the site was greenfield and consisted of a mixture of agricultural land, marginal land, and peatland.

2.2. Purpose and Scope

The purpose of the site investigation was to investigate subsurface conditions utilising a variety of investigative methods in accordance with the project specification. The scope of the work undertaken for this project included the following:

- Visit project site to observe existing conditions
- Carry out 21 No. Trial Pits to a maximum depth of 4.30m BGL
- Carry out 2 No. Rotary Core Boreholes to a maximum depth of 20.00m BGL
- Installation of 2 No. Groundwater monitoring wells
- Geotechnical & Environmental Laboratory testing
- Factual Report

3.0 Subsurface Exploration

3.1. General

During the ground investigation a programme of intrusive investigation specified by the Consulting Engineer was undertaken to determine the sub surface conditions at the proposed site. Regular sampling and insitu testing were undertaken in the exploratory holes to facilitate the geotechnical descriptions and to enable laboratory testing to be carried out on the soil samples recovered during excavation and drilling.

The procedures used in this site investigation are in accordance with Eurocode 7 Part 2: Ground Investigation and testing (ISEN 1997 – 2:2007) and B.S. 5930:2015+A1:2020.

3.2. Trial Pits

The trial pits were excavated using a 13 tonne tracked excavator at the locations shown in the exploratory hole location plan in Appendix 1. The locations were checked using a CAT scan to minimise the potential for encountering services during the excavation. The trial pits were sampled, logged and photographed by a Geotechnical Engineer/Engineering Geologist prior to backfilling with arisings. Notes were made of any services, inclusions, pit stability, groundwater encountered, and the characteristics of the strata encountered and are presented on the trial pit logs which are provided in Appendix 2 of this Report.

3.3. Rotary Boreholes

The rotary coring was carried out by a track mounted T44 Beretta rig at the locations shown on the location plan in Appendix 1. A dynamic sample was completed from ground surface, with rotary coring beginning at the refusal depth of the dynamic sample.

The T44 Beretta is equipped with rubber tracks which allow for short travel on pavement surfaces avoiding any damage to the surface. The T44 Beretta utilises a triple tube core barrel system operated using a wireline drilling process. The outer barrel is rotated by the drill rods and at its lower end, carries the coring bit. The inner barrel is mounted on a swivel so that it does not rotate during the process. The third barrel or liner is placed within the second one to retain the core intact and to preserve as much as possible the fabric of the drilling stratum. The core is cut by the coring bit and passes to the inner liner. The core is brought up to the surface within the inner barrel on a small diameter wire rope or line attached to the "overshoot" recovery tool which is then placed into a core box in order of recovery. A drilling fluid, typically air mist or water flush is passed from the surface through hollow drill rods to the drill bit and is used to cool the drill bit. Temporary casing is used in some situations to support unstable ground or to seal off fissures or voids. It should be noted that the rotary coring can only achieve limited recovery in overburden, particularly granular or weakly cemented strata due to the flushing medium washing away the cohesive fraction during coring. The recovery achieved, where required is noted on the borehole logs and core photographs are provided to allow assessment of the core recovered. The rotary borehole logs are provided in Appendix 3 of this Report.

3.4. Surveying

The exploratory hole locations have been recorded using a KQGeo M8 GNSS System which records the coordinates and elevation of the locations to ITM as required by the project specification. The coordinates and elevations are provided on the exploratory hole logs in the appendices of this Report.

3.5. Groundwater Monitoring Installations

Groundwater Monitoring Installations were installed upon the completion of the boreholes to enable sampling and the determination of the equilibrium groundwater level. The typical groundwater monitoring installation consists of a 50mm uPVC/HDPE slotted pipe with a pea gravel response zone and bentonite seal installed to the Engineers specification. Where required the standpipe is sealed with a gas tap and

finished with a durable steel cover fixed in place with a concrete surround. The installation details are provided on the exploratory hole logs in the appendices of this Report.

3.6. Laboratory Testing

Samples were selected from the exploratory holes for a range of geotechnical and chemical testing to assist in the classification of soils and to provide information for the proposed design.

Chemical testing as required by the specification, including pH, total sulphur, water soluble sulphate, water soluble chloride, acid soluble sulphate, and organic matter testing was carried out by Element Materials Technology Laboratory in the United Kingdom (UK).

Geotechnical testing consisting of moisture content, Atterberg limits, Particle Size Distribution (PSD), hydrometer, California Bearing Ratio (CBR), Moisture Condition Value (MCV) and 2.5kg Rammer Compaction tests were carried out by Professional Soils Laboratory (PSL) in the UK.

Rock testing consisting of uniaxial compressive strength, point load, natural water content, water absorption, magnesium sulphate soundness and Los Angeles Abrasion testing was also carried out by PSL in the UK.

The results of the laboratory testing are included in Appendix 4 of this Report.

4.0 Ground Conditions

4.1. General

The ground conditions encountered during the investigation are summarised below with reference to in-situ and laboratory test results. The full details of the strata encountered during the ground investigation are provided in the exploratory hole logs included in the appendices of this report.

The sequence of strata encountered were variable across the site but generally comprised;

- Peat / Peaty Topsoil
- Cohesive Deposits
- Granular Deposits
- Very Coarse Deposits
- Bedrock

PEAT: Peat or peaty Topsoil was encountered in all the exploratory holes and was present to a depth of 0.15m to 0.80m BGL.

COHESIVE DEPOSITS: Cohesive deposits were encountered beneath the peat and were described typically as brown / greyish brown / brownish grey / slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with many cobbles and boulders. The secondary sand and gravel constituents varied across the site and with depth, with

granular lenses occasionally present in the glacial till matrix. These deposits had low (<5%), medium (5%-20%) or high (20%-50%) cobble and boulder content, where noted on the exploratory hole logs.

GRANULAR DEPOSITS: Granular deposits were encountered below the peat or topsoil at TP-03 and TP-06, and below the cohesive deposits at most other locations, and were typically described as *grey and brown clayey sandy subangular to subrounded fine to coarse GRAVEL with some cobbles and boulders.* The secondary sand and fines constituents varied across the site and with depth, while low (<5%), medium (5%-20%) or high (20%-50%) cobble and boulder content was also present, where noted on the exploratory hole logs.

VERY COARSE DEPOSITS: Very coarse soils consisting of COBBLES and BOULDERS with variable amounts of finer material were observed at several exploratory hole locations. Excavation of the pits was terminated on encountering possible bedrock or large boulders. The secondary constituents present within the deposit consisted of *clayey sandy Gravel*, with the mass of the constituents varying between a little (<5%), some (5%-20%) or much (20%-50%), where noted on the exploratory hole logs.

BEDROCK: At BH-03, the rotary core borehole recovered *medium strong to very strong thickly bedded red fine to coarse grained SANDSTONE* which occasionally coarsened into a conglomerate. The degree of weathering ranged from fresh to moderately weathered. At BH-04, the rotary core borehole recovered *strong thickly bedded purple fine-grained SANDSTONE*. The degree of weathering ranged from fresh to slightly weathered. Both rock types are typical units within the Devonian Old Red Sandstone, which is noted in the geological mapping of the site.

The depth to rock at the rotary core borehole locations varies from 1.90m BGL in BH-03 to 14.00m BGL in BH-04. The total core recovery is good, typically 100%.

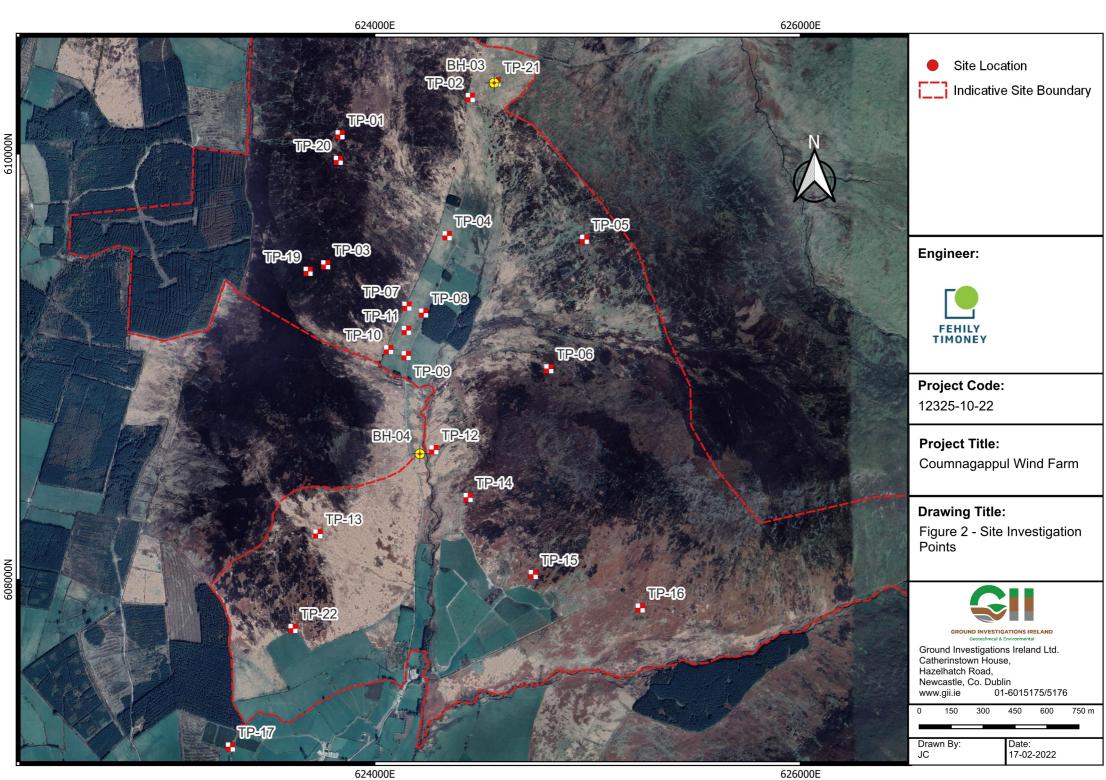
4.2. Groundwater

Groundwater strikes are noted on the trial pit logs where they occurred. Water strikes were not able to be accurately identified during the rotary core drilling as water is added as part of the drilling process. Therefore, no remarks on groundwater are included on the rotary core logs. It should be noted that these exploratory holes did not remain open for sufficiently long periods of time to establish the hydrogeological regime and groundwater levels would be expected to vary with the tide, time of year, rainfall, nearby construction and other factors. For this reason, standpipes were installed in BH-03 and BH-04 to allow the equilibrium groundwater level to be determined. The groundwater monitoring is included in Appendix 5 of this Report.

APPENDIX 1 - Figures







APPENDIX 2 – Trial Pit Records



	Ground Investigations Ireland www.gii.ie					Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm	Trial Pit Number TP-01	
Machine: 1 E Method: T	xcavator	Dimens 6.00m x L x W x	ions < 1.80m x 3.00m	Ground	l Level (mOD) 432.98	Client EMPower		Job Number 12325-10-22
			n (dGPS) 3836.5 E 610086.8 I		8/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		Sheet 1/1
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Reco	rds Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Legend page 7
0.50 0.50	B T			432.8 432.6	(0.15)	to subrounded fine to coar	sandy gravelly CLAY with hi	10 1/2 00
2.00 2.00	B T		Fast ingress(1) at 1	431.4 429.9	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Grey COBBLES with some sandy subangular to subro	e boulders and much clayey bunded fine to coarse Grave	V1 V1
Plan .						Remarks Groundwater encountered a Trial pit stable Shear hand vanes not compeither stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstruc Trial pit backfilled upon com	oleted at all scheduled depth ular content of material ction; possible boulders or be	
						Scale (approx) 1:25	Logged By	Figure No. 12325-10-22.TP-01

	Ground Investigations Ireland L www.gii.ie				Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm	n	Nur	al Pit mber P-02	
Machine : 1 E	excavator	Dimens 6.00m : L x W x	ions x 1.80m x 2			Level (mOD) 14.89	Client EMPower) mber 5-10-22
			n (dGPS) 4448.4 E 6	10261.6 N	Dates 08	/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		She	eet 1/1
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Fie	eld Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Lege	Mater bne
0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 1.50	HV 35.5kPa B RHV 13kPa T		57,72,85// 22,24,32// Seepage(414.64 414.34 413.89	(0.30) - (0.55) - (0.45) - (1.40) - (1.40) - (1.40) - (1.40)	gravelly silty CLAY. Gravel to coarse Dark brown and black slig subangular to subrounded assessed as loose. Firm grev slightly sandy slightly slightly sandy slightly slight	rown slightly sandy slightly is subangular to subrounde httly clayey slightly sandy I fine to coarse GRAVEL. Vis lightly gravelly CLAY with high t. Gravel is subrounded fine	ed fine	N/Z
		•	•				Groundwater encountered a Trial pit stable	• -		
							Shear hand vanes not compeither stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstructrial pit backfilled upon com	pieted at all scheduled depth ular content of material ction; possible boulders or bi pletion	intervals due) to
						.	Scale (approx) 1:25	Logged By	Figure No. 12325-10-22	
						1	-	-		

	Ground Investigations Ire www.gii.ie				Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm			rial Pit umber P-03
Machine : 1 E	excavator	Dimensi 5.40m x L x W x	ons 1.90m x 2.10m	Ground	Level (mOD) 87.31	Client EMPower		N	ob umber 325-10-22
		Location 623	(dGPS) 769 E 609475.6 N	Dates 08	/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		s	heet 1/1
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Record	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Le	gend Nater
0.50 0.50 1.50 1.50	B T B T			386.81 386.71	(0.15)	Black subangular to subro Visually assessed as loose	unded fine to coarse GRAVI. sandy subangular to GRAVEL with high subangulder content. Visually asse	d as	W.
Plan						Remarks No groundwater encountere Trial pit stable Shear hand vanes not compeither stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstruc Trial pit backfilled upon com	eleted at all scheduled depth lar content of material ction: possible boulders or be	intervals dedrock	
						1:25	SG SG	12325-10-	

Ground I			vestigations www.gii.ie	Ireland	Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm			Trial Pit Number TP-04	
Machine: 1 E	xcavator	Dimens 6.20m : L x W x	sions x 1.80m x 3.10m		Level (mOD) 349.82	Client EMPower		1	Job Number 12325-10-22	
			n (dGPS) 4339.8 E 609612.1 N	Dates 08	8/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		5	Sheet 1/1	
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Le	egend	Water
0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	HV 34.5kPa B RHV 12.4kPa T		54,74,80/Av. 69.33 22,24,28/Av. 24.67	349.47		Soft to firm brown mottled gravelly CLAY with low sul is subangular to subround lenses noted within soil management.	grey slightly sandy slightly orounded cobble content. Gr ed fine to coarse. Granular ass.	31 <i>c</i> 31 <i>c</i>	27/52 2 27/52 27/52	
1.50 1.50	B T			348.72 348.12	(0.60)	Brownish grey clayey sand to coarse GRAVEL with his	y sandy gravelly CLAY with lot. Gravel is subangular to dy subangular to subrounded gh subrounded cobble & bot a sa loose to medium dense. iss.	d fine		
2.50 2.50	B T				- (1.40)	bands noted within son ma	iss.			
				346.72	3.10	Complete at 3.10m		, Ç	<u> </u>	
Plan .						⊥ Remarks				
 			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			No groundwater encounterer Trial pit stable Shear hand vanes not comp either stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstruct Trial pit backfilled upon com	oleted at all scheduled depth ular content of material ction; possible boulders or be		due to	
				-		Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure N 12325-10		-04

	Grou	nd In		gation w.gii.ie		Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm				
Machine: 1 E	xcavator	Dimens 5.50m L x W >	sions x 1.70m >		1		Level (mOD) .06.39	Client EMPower) mber 5-10-22
			n (dGPS 4985.1 E) 609594.9 N	1	Dates 07	/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		She	e et 1/1
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	F	ield Recor	ds	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Lege	Water
0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	HV 35.4kPa B RHV 8.5kPa T	65,79,68/Av. 70.67 20,15,16/Av. 17.00 Medium ingress(1) at 0.80m.			at	(0.45) 405.94		Soft dark brownish grey slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with low subrounded cobble content. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse Grey onto brown clayey sandy subangular to subrounded fine to coarse GRAVEL with high subangular to subrounded cobble and boulder content. Visually assessed as loose to medium dense. Complete at 2.00m		with to	33/22 33/22 33/23 33/23
Plan .			-				•	Remarks			
 								Groundwater encountered a Trial pit stable Shear hand vanes not comp either stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstrud Trial pit backfilled upon com	=		∍ to
		٠	•	•			. [Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.	

	Grou	nd Inv	estigation www.gii.ie		Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm		
Machine: 13 E Method: Ti	xcavator	Dimensio 6.00m x L x W x I	1.80m x 4.20m		Level (mOD) 352.62	Client EMPower		Job Number 12325-10-22
		Location 6248	(dGPS) 317.5 E 608986.7 N	Dates	7/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		Sheet 1/1
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Record	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Legend ×
0.50 0.50	B T			352.32 351.92	(0.40)	Firm orangish brown slight with high subangular to su	elly fine to coarse SAND wit le content. Gravel is subang se. Visually assessed as loc tly sandy slightly gravelly CL brounded cobbles and boul loted within the soil mass. G ed fine to coarse.	AY A C
1.50 1.50	B T				(2.90)			
3.00 3.00	B T			349.02	(0.60)	Firm orangish brown slight subangular to subrounded subangular to subrounded	lly sandy gravelly CLAY with cobble content. Gravel is fine to coarse.	i high
4.00	Т			348.42		Complete at 4.20m		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Plan .						Remarks No groundwater encountere	d	
						Trial pit stable Shear hand vanes not comp either stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstruc Trial pit backfilled upon com	eleted at all scheduled depth lar content of material ction; possible boulders or b	
						Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No. 12325-10-22.TP-06

Grou	nd In	vestigations I www.gii.ie	reland	Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm Tria Nur TP		
Machine : 13T Tracked Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimens 6.00m: L x W x	ions x 1.90m x 3.00m		Level (mOD) 327.15	Client EMPower		Job Number 12325-10-22
		n (dGPS) 4150.6 E 609280.9 N	Dates 08	3/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		Sheet 1/1
Depth (m) Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Nater Water
0.50 HV 32kPa 0.50 B 0.50 RHV 8.5kPa T 1.50 B 1.50 T		52,66,75/Av. 64.33 12,20,18/Av. 16.67	327.00 326.85 326.55	(0.15) (0.30) (0.30) (0.30) (0.60) (0.40) (0.40)	Soft to firm orangish brown CLAY. Gravel is subangula	n slightly sandy slightly grave ar to subrounded fine to coar y sandy slightly gravelly CLA ole and boulder content. Gra	elly se.
	•				No groundwater encountere Trial pit unstable; side walls	spalling	
					Shear hand vanes not compeither stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstructival pit backfilled upon com	ular content of material ction; possible boulders or be	intervals due to
					Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No. 12325-10-22.TP-07

	Grou	nd In		ations Ir ⁄.gii.ie	eland l	Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm Trial Pit Number TP-08			
Machine : 1: E		Dimens 5.80m L x W x	sions x 1.70m x 3.			Level (mOD) 315.65	Client EMPower		N	ob lumber 325-10-22
			on (dGPS) 4229.1 E 60	9249.2 N	Dates 08	3/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		S	heet 1/1
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Fiel	d Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Le	Mater Manage
0.50 0.50 0.50	HV 31.5kPa B B BHV 8.5kPa		54,60,76/A		315.45		PEAT Soft grey slightly sandy sli subrounded boulder conte subrounded fine to coarse	ghtly gravelly CLAY with low ent. Gravel is subangular to 	33/22 3	
0.50 0.50	RHV 8.5kPa T		14,18,19/A Seepage(1		314.95	0.70	Firm brownish grey slightly subrounded cobble and bo subangular to subrounded	y sandy gravelly CLAY with oulder content. Gravel is I fine to coarse.	high 2000	<u> </u>
1.50 1.50	B T					(1.70)				4 4 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1
					313.25	(0.60)	Firm to stiff greyish brown medium subrounded cobb subangular to subrounded	slightly gravelly sandy CLA le and boulder content. Gra I fine to coarse.	Y with vel is	# 50
3.00 3.00	BT				312.65	3.00	Complete at 3.00m			
Plan .							Remarks	14.00 POL 0		
							Groundwater encountered a Trial pit stable Shear hand vanes not comp either stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstruc Trial pit backfilled upon com	pleted at all scheduled depth	n intervals d edrock	ue to
		•	•				Scale (approx) 1:25	Logged By SG	Figure No.	

	Gro	und In	vestigation: www.gii.ie		Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm			Trial Pit Number TP-09	
	13T Tracked Excavator Trial Pit	Dimens 5.80m L x W :	sions x 1.70m x 3.50m	Ground	Level (mOD) 98.89	Client EMPower		1	Job Number 2325-10-22	
			on (dGPS) 24147.4 E 609048.6 N	Dates 09	/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		\$	Sheet 1/1	
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Record	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Le	Mater Marge	
	West of D		40.70.0014	298.49	(0.40)	PEAT Soft to firm orangish brown CLAY. Gravel is subangular	n slightly sandy slightly grav ar to subrounded fine to coa	saks saks	salta ia salta salta	
0.50 0.50	HV 25.8kPa RHV 12kPa		42,53,60/Av. 51.67 24,27,21/Av. 24.00	298.09	(0.40)		rown and black slightly sand n subrounded cobble and b			
1.00 1.00	B T			297.19	(0.90)	content. Gravel is subangi	ular to subrounded fine to co	parse.		
2.00 2.00	B T			237.19	(1.00)	Firm brown slightly sandy subrounded cobble and be subangular to subrounded	gravelly CLAY with medium oulder content. Gravel is I fine to coarse.			
				296.19	2.70		slightly sandy gravelly CLA' inded cobble and boulder co ibrounded fine to coarse.			
3.50 3.50	ВТ			295.39	3.50	Complete at 3.50m		***	<u>₹₹</u>	
Plan .					•	Remarks				
					-	No groundwater encountere Trial pit stable Shear hand vanes not comp either stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstruct Trial pit backfilled upon com	pleted at all scheduled depth ular content of material ction; possible boulders or b	intervals edrock	due to	
•		•	•		·	Scale (approx) 1:25	Logged By	Figure N 12325-10	lo.)-22.TP-09	

	Grou	ınd Inv	estigatior www.gii.ie	ns Ireland	Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm Trial Pit Numbe TP-10		
Machine : 13 E: Method : Ti	xcavator	Dimension 5.60m x 1 L x W x D	ns .60m x 3.70m	Ground	Level (mOD) 312.81	Client EMPower		Job Number 12325-10-22
		Location 6240	(dGPS) 64.4 E 609076.5 N		9/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		Sheet 1/1
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Recor	ds Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Legend Nater
				312.56	(0.25) 0.25 - (0.35)	PEAT Soft grey slightly sandy sli subangular to subrounded	ghtly gravelly CLAY. Gravel fine to coarse.	is sales
				312.2° 312.0°	(0.20)	Gravel is subangular to su	ly sandy slightly gravelly CL brounded fine to coarse. slightly gravelly CLAY with le and boulder content. Gra	*****
1.00 1.00	ВТ				- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	medium subrounded cobb subangular to subrounded	le and boulder content. Gra	vel is
2.50 2.50	В			311.01	1.80	Brown very clayey very gr medium subrounded cobb subangular to subrounded as loose to medium dense	avelly fine to coarse SAND v le and boulder content. Gra l fine to coarse. Visually ass s.	with vel is essed
2.50				310.11	2.70	Yellowish brown clayey ve subrounded fine to coarse subangular to subrounded Visually assessed as loose	GRAVÉL with medium I cobble and boulder conten	
3.50 3.50	ВТ			309.11	3.70	Complete at 3.70m		0.0
Plan .						⊥ Remarks		
						No groundwater encountere Trial pit unstable; side walls Shear hand vanes not comp either stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstruct Trial pit backfilled upon com	collapsing bleted at all scheduled depth ular content of material	intervals due to edrock
						Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No. 12325-10-22.TP-10

	Grou	nd Inv	estigatioı www.gii.i	ns Ireland e	Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm		
Machine : 1: E Method : T	xcavator	Dimension 6.40m x 1 L x W x D	ns .80m x 2.80m		d Level (mOD) 312.36	Client EMPower		Job Number 12325-10-22
		Location ((dGPS) 48.4 E 609167.3		8/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		Sheet 1/1
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Reco	rds Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness) D	escription	Legend Nater
				312.1	(0.20)	PEAT Soft to firm orangish brow Gravel is subangular to su	n slightly sandy gravelly CL/ lbrounded fine to coarse.	3Mz 3Mz 3Mz 3Mz 3Mz 3Mz
0.50 0.50	ВТ			311.8	0.50	Soft to firm brown slightly Gravel is subangular to su	sandy slightly gravelly CLAY ibrounded fine to coarse.	
1.50 1.50	B T			311.1	6 1.20	Firm greyish brown sandy subrounded cobble and b subrounded fine to coarse	gravelly CLAY with high oulder content. Gravel is e.	
2.50 2.50	B T			310.0	6 2.30		slightly gravelly sandy CLA nded cobble and boulder co to coarse.	Y with ontent.
				309.5	6 - 2.80 	Complete at 2.80m		
Plan						Remarks		
						No groundwater encounterer Trial pit stable Shear hand vanes not comp either stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstruc Trial pit backfilled upon com	oleted at all scheduled depth ular content of material ction: possible boulders or b	intervals due to edrock
						Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No. 12325-10-22.TP-11

	Grou	ınd In	vestigatior www.gii.ie		l Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Fari	Trial Pit Number TP-12	
Machine: 1 E Method: T	xcavator	Dimens 6.00m L x W >	ions x 1.80m x 3.60m		nd Level (mOD 264.51	Client EMPower		Job Number 12325-10-22
			n (dGPS) 4277.4 E 608606.3 N		07/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		Sheet 1/1
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Recor	ds Leve (mOI	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend set of the set
0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	HV 16kPa B RHV 5kPa T		30,34,32/Av. 32.00 12,8,10/Av. 10.00	263.	(0.80)		avelly silty CLAY, Gravel is	SME
1.50 1.50	B T			263.	21 1.30		avelly silty CLAY. Gravel is if fine to coarse. clayey subangular to subrou ith medium subangular to oulder content. Visually asses.	nded sssed
3.00 3.00	B T		Medium ingress(1) 1.80m.	at	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			▼1
				260.	91 - 3.60	Complete at 3.60m		
Plan .						Remarks	1400 POL 150 1	
 						Groundwater encountered a Trial pit stable Shear hand vane carried ou Shear hand vanes not com either stiffness or high gran Termination reason: Obstru- Trial pit backfilled upon com	at 1.80m BGL; medium ingre ut on intact lump sample oleted at all scheduled depth ular content of material ction; possible boulders or b apletion	
		•				Scale (approx) 1:25	Logged By SG	Figure No. 12325-10-22.TP-12

	Grou	nd In	vestigations www.gii.ie	Ireland	Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm Trial Pi Numbe TP-1			
Machine: 1 E	xcavator	Dimens 5.20m : L x W x	ions x 1.60m x 3.40m		Level (mOD) 300.99	Client EMPower		Job Number 12325-10-22	
			n (dGPS) 3732.3 E 608211.1 N	Dates 09	9/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		Sheet 1/1	
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Legend Mater	
				300.79	(0.30)	coarse.	own slightly sandy slightly ubangular to subrounded fir y sandy slightly gravelly CLA le content. Gravel is subang		
1.00 1.00	B T		Seepage(1) at 1.20m.	299.50	(0.90)	to subrounded fine to coar	rse.	1	
2.00 2.00	B T			250.00	(1.10)	Firm brownish grey slightly with medium subrounded subrounded fine to coarse	y sandy slightly gravelly CLA cobble content. Gravel is		
				298.49	2.50 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Firm brownish grey slightly with high subrounded cob content. Gravel is subrour	y sandy slightly gravelly CLA ble and occasional boulder nded fine to coarse.		
				297.58	3.40	Complete at 3.40m			
Plan .						Remarks			
						Groundwater encountered a Trial pit unstable; side walls Shear hand vanes not comp either stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstruct Trial pit backfilled upon com	collapsing bleted at all scheduled depth ular content of material ction; possible boulders or b	n intervals due to edrock	
						Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.	
						1:25	SG	12325-10-22.TP-13	

	Grou	nd In		gations w.gii.ie	Ireland	Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm TP-1			
Machine: 1 E	xcavator	Dimens 5.50m: L x W x	ions x 1.80m x			Level (mOD) 267.80	Client EMPower		Job Number 12325-10-22	
			n (dGPS) 4438.4 E 6	608381.8 N	Dates 07	7/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		Sheet 1/1	
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Fi	eld Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Vater Water	
0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 1.50 1.50 1.50	HV 36kPa B RHV 21kPa T HV 65kPa B RHV 28.33kPa T		18,24,21/ 55,68,72/	/Av. 36.00 /Av. 21.00 /Av. 65.00 /Av. 28.33	266.90 266.30 265.80	(0.60)	Firm brownish grey slightly CLAY with high subrounded Black clayey silty sandy succoarse GRAVEL with high Visually assessed as loose	y silty slightly sandy gravelly ed cobble and boulder conte ubangular to subrounded fin cobble and boulder content	nt.	
Plan .							Remarks No groundwater encountere	d ".		
						•	Trial pit unstable; side walls Shear hand vanes not comp either stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstruc Trial pit backfilled upon com	pleted at all scheduled depthular content of material ction; possible boulders or b	intervals due to	
							Scale (approx) 1:25	Logged By	Figure No. 12325-10-22.TP-14	

	Grou	nd In		ations Ir .gii.ie	eland	Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm			Trial Pit Number TP-15	
Machine: 1 E	xcavator	Dimens 6.00m x L x W x	ions x 2.20m x 4.3			Level (mOD) 273.73	Client EMPower		Job Numl 12325-		
			n (dGPS) 4744.4 E 60	8019.9 N	Dates 07	/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		Shee		
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Fiel	d Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Legen	Water	
0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	HV 47.67kPa B RHV 20.33kPa T		25,59,59/Av 5,28,28/Av.		273.53 272.73	(0.80)	Brownish grey clayey silty subrounded fine to coarse			· 무리지에 제 제 제 제 제 제 제 제 제 제 제 제 제 제 제 제 제 제 제	
1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50	HV 62.33kPa B RHV 29kPa T		52,68,67/Av 24,32,31/Av		271.93	(0.80)	as loose to medium dense Grey clayey silty very sand to coarse GRAVEL with ba		I fine	·	
2.50 2.50	B T					(1.90)	medium dense.			اباه، ١٠٠٠، ته اه، ١٠٠١، ته اه،	
3.50 3.50	B T		Seepage(1) at 3.80m.	270.03	(0.60)	Grey subangular to subrou with high cobble content. \ medium dense.	inded fine to coarse GRAVE /isually assessed as loose to	L	<u>2</u> V 1	
					269.43		Complete at 4.30m		, , Ų ,	d e	
Plan .						•	Remarks Groundwater encountered a	t 3.80m BGL: seenage			
							Trial pit unstable; side walls Shear hand vanes not comp either stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstruc Trial pit backfilled upon com	spalling leted at all scheduled depth lar content of material ction; possible boulders or be		to	
							Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No. 12325-10-22.1	 ГР-15	

	Grou	nd In	vestigati www.g		eland l	_td	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm		
	3T Tracked Excavator	Dimens 6.00m L x W >	ions x 2.20m x 4.00m			Level (mOD) 00.66	Client EMPower		Job Number 12325-10-22
			n (dGPS) 5247.1 E 60786	2.5 N	Dates 07	/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		Sheet 1/1
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field R	ecords	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Legend Mater
					300.46	(0.20) - (0.20) - 0.20	PEAT Soft to firm grey slightly sil	ty slightly sandy gravelly CL	AY P
					300.16	(0.30) - - - - - 0.50	subangular to subrounded		
0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	HV 41kPa B RHV 25.67kPa T		50,43,30/Av. 4 ² 50,22,5/Av. 25.		300.16	(0.40)	Firm brown slightly sandy medium subrounded cobb to subrounded fine to coar	slightly gravelly CLAY with le content. Gravel is subanç se.	gular Sylva
					299.76	0.90	Firm brownish grey slightly CLAY with medium subrou content. Gravel is subrour	y silty slightly sandy gravelly Inded cobble and boulder Ided fine to coarse.	
1.50	В								
1.50	Т				298.86	 1.80 	Firm brownish grey slightly CLAY with medium subrou content. Gravel is subangu	y silty slightly gravelly sandy inded cobble and boulder ular to subrounded fine to co	parse.
2 50	В					- - - - - - - - - - -			
2.50 2.50	Ť					(1.90)			
3.50 3.50	B T					- - - - - - - - -			
					296.96	(0.30)	Firm brownish grey slightly medium subrounded cobb subangular to subrounded	y silty sandy gravelly CLAY well to sand boulder content. Grail fine to coarse.	with vel is
Plan .		٠.			296.66	4.00 . I	Remarks		
							No groundwater encountere Trial pit stable Shear hand vanes not comp either stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstruc	pleted at all scheduled depth ular content of material ction: possible boulders or b	n intervals due to
							Trial pit backfilled upon com	piedon	
						.	Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.
							1:25	SG	12325-10-22.TP-16

	Grou	nd In	vestigation www.gii.ie		Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm TP-1 Trial Pi Numbe TP-1			
Machine: 13T Tracked Excavator Method: Trial Pit		Dimens 4.70m x L x W x	ions x 1.60m x 2.40m	Ground	Level (mOD) 257.57	Client EMPower		Job Number 12325-10-22
		Location (dGPS) 623321.2 E 607209.4 N			9/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		Sheet 1/1
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Record	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Kegend variety
0.50 0.50	HV 39kPa RHV 13kPa B T		82,100,53/Av. 78.33 28,28,23/Av. 26.33	257.12 257.12 256.07	(0.25) 2	Firm brownish grey slightly subrounded cobble conter subrounded fine to coarse	y sandy gravelly CLAY with prounded cobble content. Gr	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Plan .		•				Remarks No groundwater encountere	d	
						Trial pit stable Shear hand vanes not competither stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstruc Trial pit backfilled upon com	ular content of material ction: possible boulders or b	intervals due to
						Scale (approx) 1:25	Logged By	Figure No. 12325-10-22.TP-17

Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd					Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm			Trial Pit Number TP-19	
Machine: 13T Tracked Excavator Method: Trial Pit		Dimension 6.00m x 1 L x W x D	ns 1.90m x 1.70m		Level (mOD) 388.46	Client EMPower		N	Job Number 12325-10-22	
		Location (dGPS) 623686.4 E 609444.8 N		Dates 08	/12/2022	Engineer Fehily Timoney		SI	Sheet 1/1	
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Leç	Mater Manager	
1.00 1.00	BT			388.31 388.06		Light greyish brown clayer coarse GRAVEL with high content. Visually assessed	avelly CLAY. Gravel is suban se. y sandy subrounded fine to subrounded cobble and bout as loose to medium dense. layey sandy subangular to se Gravel	gular		
						No groundwater encountered Trial pit stable Shear hand vanes not compaither stiffness or high groundstable.		intervals d	ue to	
						Termination reason: Obstruction pit backfilled upon com	oleted at all scheduled depth ular content of material stion; possible boulders or be pletion	drock		
			· · · ·							
					. s	Scale (approx)		Figure No		

	Grou	nd Inv	estigations www.gii.ie	Ireland	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm			
Machine : 13T Tracked Excavator Method : Trial Pit		Dimension 6.00m x 1 L x W x D	ns .80m x 2.70m		Level (mOD) 429.22	Client EMPower Engineer Fehily Timoney		Job Number 12325-10-22
		Location ((dGPS) 28.3 E 609966.1 N	Dates 08	8/12/2022			Sheet 1/1
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Legend star
1.00 1.00	ВТ			429.07 428.92 428.42 426.52	(0.15) (0.30) (0.50) (0.50) (0.50) (1.90) (1.90)	to subrounded fine to coar Orangish brown very clays subrounded fine to coarse subrounded cobble. Visua	ey very sandy subangular to GRAVEL with medium	
		•				No groundwater encountere Trial pit stable Shear hand vanes not comp		intervals due to
						either stiffness or high grant Termination reason: Obstruc Trial pit backfilled upon com	oleted at all scheduled depth ular content of material stion; possible boulders or be pletion	drock
						Scale (approx)		Figure No. 12325-10-22.TP-20

	Grou	nd In	vestigations www.gii.ie	Ireland	Site Trial Num TP:			
Machine: 13T Tracked Excavator Method: Trial Pit		Dimens 8.20m : L x W x	ions x 1.30m x 2.50m		Level (mOD) 413.56	Client EMPower		Job Number 12325-10-22
		Location (dGPS) 624569.4 E 610334.9 N		Dates 18	8/01/2023	Engineer Fehily Timoney		Sheet 1/1
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	Legend take
0.50 0.50	B T		Medium Ingress(1) at	413.36	(0.20) 0.40 	content. Visually assessed	slightly clayey subangular t GRAVEL with low cobble I as loose.	. , ,
1.50 1.50	B T		1.00m.	412.46	(0.60)	boulder content. Visually a dense. Grey slightly sandy slightly subrounded fine to coarse	r clayey subangular to GRAVEL with low cobble a assessed as loose to mediu or clayey subangular to GRAVEL with high cobble assessed as loose to mediu	m O
2.50 2.50	BT			411.06	2.50	Complete at 2.50m		
Plan .						⊥ Remarks		
						Groundwater encountered a Trial pit stable Shear hand vanes not comp granular material Termination reason: Obstruc Trial pit backfilled upon com	oleted at all scheduled depti	h intervals due to
		•				Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.
						1:25	CMP	12325-10-22.TP-22

	Grou	nd In	vestigati www.gi		Site Tria Null Coumnagappul Wind Farm TF				r		
Machine: 13T Tracked Excavator Method: Trial Pit		Dimensions 5.60m x 1.60m x 3.80m L x W x D Location (dGPS) 623615.3 E 607766.2 N			Ground Level (mOD) 270.14 Dates 09/12/2022		Client EMPower Engineer Fehily Timoney			Job Number 12325-10-22 Sheet 1/1	
									;		
Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Re	cords	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	D	escription	L	egend	Water
0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	HV 39kPa B RHV 13kPa T		82,100,53/Av. 7 28,28,23/Av. 26	269.74 269.44	(0.40) - (0.40) - (0.30) - (0.70	Dark brown gravelly PEAT Soft to firm orangish brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse. Firm greyish brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with low subrounded cobble content. Gravel is subrounded fine to			20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
1.50 1.50	B T					- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	subrounded cobble conter coarse.	nt. Gravel is subrounded fin	e to		
2.50 2.50	B T				268.34	1.80	Firm brownish grey slightly with high subrounded cobi fine to coarse.	y sandy slightly gravelly CLA ble content. Gravel is subro	AY punded		
			Fast ingress(1)	at 3.70m.	266.64 266.34	(0.30)	Grey subangular to subroubrownish grey slightly sand	unded COBBLES with much dy gravelly Clay.	.0	2000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	∇ 1
Plan .						•	Remarks Groundwater encountered a	t 3 70m BGL: fast ingress			
							Trial pit stable Shear hand vanes not completed at all scheduled depth intervals due to either stiffness or high granular content of material Termination reason: Obstruction; possible boulders or bedrock Trial pit backfilled upon completion				
						5	Scale (approx) 1:25	Logged By SG	Figure N 12325-10		-22









TP02















TP04















TP06







TP07











TP08





















TP11







TP12













TP14











TP15











TP17



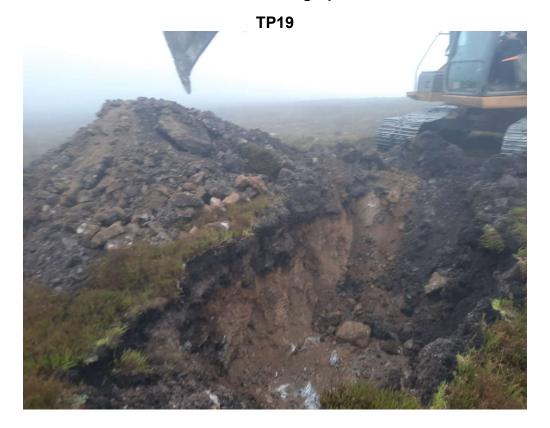












TP20



















APPENDIX 3 – Rotary Borehole Records



		Grou	nd In		igations Ire	eland	Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm		N	lumb	hole ber -03
Machine : E	Beretta T-44 Vater			Diameto .00mm o	er cased to 10.00m		Level (mOD) 413.58	Client EMPower		N	ob lumb 325-1	ber 10-22
Core Dia: 6		d	Locatio		E 610333.1 N		8/01/2023- 0/01/2023	Engineer Fehily Timoney		s	heet	
Depth (m)	TCR (%)	SCR (%)	RQD (%)	FI	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water	In	nstr
0.00 0.00-0.50 0.50 0.50-0.73	60	0	_		B 10,12/45,5 SPT(C) 50/75	413.28 413.08		Peaty TOPSOIL Light reddish brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY. Recovery consists of red slightly sandy slightly clayey subangular to subrounded fine to coarse GRAVEL. Driller Notes: Gravel (Dense)				
1.90 2.00	100	59	52		_	411.68	_	Moderately weak to medium strong thickly bedde red fine to coarse grained SANDSTONE. Beds occasionally coarsen into a conglomerate. Slightl weathered to moderately weathered. 1.90m to 6.60m BGL - Two Fracture Sets - F1: 20 to 40 degrees, close to medium spaced, undulating, rough with clay infill and brown staining. F2: 60 to 80 degrees, medium to widely spaced, undulating, rough with clay infill and brown staining.				
3.50 5.00	100	59	56	7								
	100	75	54									
6.50 6.60	100	100	82			406.98	6.60	Medium strong thickly bedded red fine grained SANDSTONE. Slightly weathered to fresh 6.60m to 10.00m BGL - Two Fracture Sets - F1: 20 to 40 degrees, medium spaced, undulating, rough with brown staining. F2: 60 to 80 degrees, medium to widely spaced, undulating, rough with brown staining.				
8.00	100	80	73	6			(3.40)	Vugs encountered between 8.20m to 8.40m BGL			100 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
9.50	100	100	58		_	403.58	E E					
Remarks Dynamic sa Bentonite se bentonite se	mple from (eal installed eal installed	GL to 0.50 from 10.0 from 8.00	0m BGL - 1 00m to 9.0 0m to GL v	Recover 00m BGI with a rai	y 60% 50mm slotted stand ised cover.	dpipe install	ed from 9.00r	n to 8.00m BGL. 50mm plain standpipe with a	Scale (approx)		ogg Sy CMF	
									Figure N 12325-1	No.		

Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd www.gii.ie								Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm		N	oreh lumb BH-(er	
Machine: B Flush: V Core Dia: 6	Vater			Diamete .00mm c	er ased to 20.00m	Ground 2	Level 265.86	,	Client EMPower		N	ob lumb 325-1	
Method : F		d	Locatio 62		608589.9 N		3/01/20 1/01/20		Engineer Fehily Timoney		S	heet 1/2	
Depth (m)	TCR (%)	SCR (%)	RQD (%)	FI	Field Records	Level (mOD)	D (Thic	epth (m) kness)	Description	Legend	Water	Ins	str
0.00 0.00-0.70	50	0	_		В	265.61		(0.25) 0.25 (0.45)	Peaty TOPSOIL Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY				
0.70 0.70-1.00	31	0			7,9/18,32 SPT(C) 50/150	265.16	<u></u>	0.70	Recovery consists of purple slightly sandy slightly clayey subangular to subrounded fine to coarse GRAVEL with low cobble and boulder content. Driller Notes: Gravel and Cobbles (Dense).				
2.00 2.00-2.45	37	0			7,7/11,9,16,14 SPT(C) N=50								
3.50 3.50-3.88	40	0			6,8/8,13,29 SPT(C) 50/225			(5.80)					
5.00 5.00-5.45	13	0			5,7/8,8,8,11 SPT(C) N=35								
6.50 6.50-6.95	25	0			8,7/7,8,11,12 SPT(C) N=38	259.36		6.50	Recovery consists of brown sandy slightly gravelly slightly clayey SILT with low cobble content. Driller Notes: Brown Sand (Very Stiff).				
8.00 8.00-8.45	50	0			4,6/7,7,9,16 SPT(C) N=39	257.86		8.00	Recovery consists of brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly slightly silty CLAY with low cobble content. Driller Notes: Brown Clay (Very Stiff).	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
9.50 9.50-9.65			_		13,12/50 SPT(C) 50/0					× × · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Remarks Dynamic sa Bentonite se bentonite se	mple from (eal installed eal installed	GL to 0.70 from 20.0 from 15.0	m BGL - F 00m to 19 00m to GL	Recovery .00m BG with a ra	/ 60% L. 50mm slotted stand ised cover.	dpipe insta	illed fr	om 19.0	0m to 15.00m BGL. 50mm plain standpipe with a	Scale (approx) 1:50 Figure N 12325-1	lo.	CMP)

		Grou	nd In		gations Ire ww.gii.ie	land	Ltd	Site Coumnagappul Wind Farm		Borehole Number BH-04
Machine: Be	/ater	1		Diamete			Level (mOD) 265.86	Client EMPower		Job Number 12325-10-22
Core Dia: 63 Method : Ro		ed	Locatio		608589.9 N		/01/2023- /01/2023	Engineer Fehily Timoney		Sheet 2/2
Depth (m)	TCR (%)	SCR (%)	RQD (%)	FI	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Nate Instr
	63	0					(6.00)		× 0 · × 0 ·	
11.00 11.00-11.38	55	0			7,10/8,16,26 SPT(C) 50/225				*	
12.50 12.50-12.88	18	0			10,10/13,19,18 SPT(C) 50/225				*	
14.00	100	70	54			251.86	14.00	Medium strong thickly bedded purple fine grained SANDSTONE. Slightly weathered to fresh with occasional vugs 1.90m to 6.60m BGL - Two Fracture Sets - F1: 20 to 40 degrees, close to medium spaced, undulating, rough with brown and black staining. F2: 60 to 80 degrees, medium to widely spaced, undulating, rough with brown and black staining.	100 mg	
13.30	100	100	80					19.50m to 19.80m BGL - Possible Fault Breccia: Weathered rock recovered as clayey gravelly Cobbles		
17.00	100	77	40	8			(6.00)			
18.50	100	56	37			245.00				
20.00 Remarks					1	245.86	20.00		Scale (approx)	Logged By
									1:50	СМР

BH-03



BH-03



BH-03



BH-03



BH-03



BH-04



BH-04



BH-04



BH-04





APPENDIX 4 – Laboratory Testing





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Ground Investigations Ireland Catherinestown House Hazelhatch Road Newcastle Co. Dublin Ireland





Attention: Steven Kenny

Date: 16th January, 2023

Your reference :

Our reference : Test Report 22/20554 Batch 1

Location : Coumnagappul V.F

Date samples received: 13th December, 2022

Status: Final Report

Issue: 1

Twenty one samples were received for analysis on 13th December, 2022 of which nine were scheduled for analysis. Please find attached our Test Report which should be read with notes at the end of the report and should include all sections if reproduced. Interpretations and opinions are outside the scope of any accreditation, and all results relate only to samples supplied.

All analysis is carried out on as received samples and reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Results are not surrogate corrected.

Authorised By:

Liza Klebe

Project Co-ordinator

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced

Client Name:

Ground Investigations Ireland

Report : Solid

Reference: Location:

Coumnagappul V.F

Solids: V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

Contact: Steven Kenny EMT Job No: 22/20554

EMT Sample No.	1	4	6	7	10	11	16	18	20			
Sample ID	TP01	TP02	TP03	TP04	TP05	TP06	TP17	TP20	TP22			
Depth	0.50	1.50	1.50	0.50	1.50	3.00	1.00	1.00	1.50	Please se	e attached n	otes for all
COC No / misc											ations and a	
Containers	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	т	i		
Sample Date	08/12/2022	08/12/2022	08/12/2022	08/12/2022	07/12/2022	07/12/2022	09/12/2022	08/12/2022	09/12/2022			
Sample Type	Soil											
Batch Number	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			Method
Date of Receipt	13/12/2022	13/12/2022	13/12/2022	13/12/2022	13/12/2022	13/12/2022	13/12/2022	13/12/2022	13/12/2022	LOD/LOR	Units	No.
Sulphur as S	-	<0.01	-	-	<0.01	-	-	-	-	<0.01	%	TM30/PM15
Total Sulphate as SO4 BRE	-	<0.01	-	-	<0.01	-	-	-	-	<0.01	%	TM50/PM29
Chloride (2:1 Ext BRE)#	-	<0.002	-	-	0.002	-	-	-	-	<0.002	g/l	TM38/PM20
Sulphate as SO4 (2:1 Ext)#	-	0.0071	-	-	0.0053	-	-	-	-	<0.0015	g/l	TM38/PM20
Organic Matter	1.0	0.2	0.2	1.4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	%	TM21/PM24
pH#	-	5.00	-	-	5.15	-	-	-	-	<0.01	pH units	TM73/PM11
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				l	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L

Notification of Deviating Samples

Client Name: Ground Investigations Ireland Matrix : Solid

Reference:

Location: Coumnagappul V.F

Contact: Steven Kenny

EMT Job No.	Batch	Sample ID	Depth	EMT Sample No.	Analysis	Reason
22/20554	1	TP02	1.50	4	Chloride, pH, Sulphate	Sample holding time exceeded
22/20554	1	TP05	1.50	10	Chloride, pH, Sulphate	Sample holding time exceeded

Please note that only samples that are deviating are mentioned in this report. If no samples are listed it is because none were deviating. Only analyses which are accredited are recorded as deviating if set criteria are not met.

NOTES TO ACCOMPANY ALL SCHEDULES AND REPORTS

EMT Job No.: 22/20554

SOILS and ASH

Please note we are only MCERTS accredited (UK soils only) for sand, loam and clay and any other matrix is outside our scope of accreditation.

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation has been performed on clay, sand and loam, only samples that are predominantly these matrices, or combinations of them will be within our MCERTS scope. If samples are not one of a combination of the above matrices they will not be marked as MCERTS accredited.

It is assumed that you have taken representative samples on site and require analysis on a representative subsample. Stones will generally be included unless we are requested to remove them.

All samples will be discarded one month after the date of reporting, unless we are instructed to the contrary. Asbestos samples are retained for 6 months.

If you have not already done so, please send us a purchase order if this is required by your company.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

All analysis is reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Limits of detection for analyses carried out on as received samples are not moisture content corrected. Results are not surrogate corrected. Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C unless otherwise stated. Moisture content for CEN Leachate tests are dried at 105°C ±5°C. Ash samples are dried at 37°C ±5°C.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

Where a CEN 10:1 ZERO Headspace VOC test has been carried out, a 10:1 ratio of water to wet (as received) soil has been used.

% Asbestos in Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) is determined by reference to HSG 264 The Survey Guide - Appendix 2 : ACMs in buildings listed in order of ease of fibre release.

Sufficient amount of sample must be received to carry out the testing specified. Where an insufficient amount of sample has been received the testing may not meet the requirements of our accredited methods, as such accreditation may be removed.

Negative Neutralization Potential (NP) values are obtained when the volume of NaOH (0.1N) titrated (pH 8.3) is greater than the volume of HCI (1N) to reduce the pH of the sample to 2.0 - 2.5. Any negative NP values are corrected to 0.

The calculation of Pyrite content assumes that all oxidisable sulphides present in the sample are pyrite. This may not be the case. The calculation may be an overesitimate when other sulphides such as Barite (Barium Sulphate) are present.

WATERS

Please note we are not a UK Drinking Water Inspectorate (DWI) Approved Laboratory .

ISO17025 accreditation applies to surface water and groundwater and usually one other matrix which is analysis specific, any other liquids are outside our scope of accreditation.

As surface waters require different sample preparation to groundwaters the laboratory must be informed of the water type when submitting samples.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

STACK EMISSIONS

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation for Dioxins and Furans and Dioxin like PCBs has been performed on XAD-2 Resin, only samples which use this resin will be within our MCERTS scope.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

DEVIATING SAMPLES

All samples should be submitted to the laboratory in suitable containers with sufficient ice packs to sustain an appropriate temperature for the requested analysis. The temperature of sample receipt is recorded on the confirmation schedules in order that the client can make an informed decision as to whether testing should still be undertaken.

SURROGATES

Surrogate compounds are added during the preparation process to monitor recovery of analytes. However low recovery in soils is often due to peat, clay or other organic rich matrices. For waters this can be due to oxidants, surfactants, organic rich sediments or remediation fluids. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 - 130% and for VOCs are 50 - 150%. When surrogate recoveries are outside the performance criteria but the associated AQC passes this is assumed to be due to matrix effect. Results are not surrogate corrected.

DILUTIONS

A dilution suffix indicates a dilution has been performed and the reported result takes this into account. No further calculation is required.

BLANKS

Where analytes have been found in the blank, the sample will be treated in accordance with our laboratory procedure for dealing with contaminated blanks.

EMT Job No.: 22/20554

NOTE

Data is only reported if the laboratory is confident that the data is a true reflection of the samples analysed. Data is only reported as accredited when all the requirements of our Quality System have been met. In certain circumstances where all the requirements of the Quality System have not been met, for instance if the associated AQC has failed, the reason is fully investigated and documented. The sample data is then evaluated alongside the other quality control checks performed during analysis to determine its suitability. Following this evaluation, provided the sample results have not been effected, the data is reported but accreditation is removed. It is a UKAS requirement for data not reported as accredited to be considered indicative only, but this does not mean the data is not valid.

Where possible, and if requested, samples will be re-extracted and a revised report issued with accredited results. Please do not hesitate to contact the laboratory if further details are required of the circumstances which have led to the removal of accreditation. Laboratory records are kept for a period of no less than 6 years.

REPORTS FROM THE SOUTH AFRICA LABORATORY

Any method number not prefixed with SA has been undertaken in our UK laboratory unless reported as subcontracted.

Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty defines the range of values that could reasonably be attributed to the measured quantity. This range of values has not been included within the reported results. Uncertainty expressed as a percentage can be provided upon request.

Customer Provided Information

Sample ID and depth is information provided by the customer.

ABBREVIATIONS and ACRONYMS USED

#	ISO17025 (UKAS Ref No. 4225) accredited - UK.
SA	ISO17025 (SANAS Ref No.T0729) accredited - South Africa
В	Indicates analyte found in associated method blank.
DR	Dilution required.
M	MCERTS accredited.
NA	Not applicable
NAD	No Asbestos Detected.
ND	None Detected (usually refers to VOC and/SVOC TICs).
NDP	No Determination Possible
SS	Calibrated against a single substance
SV	Surrogate recovery outside performance criteria. This may be due to a matrix effect.
W	Results expressed on as received basis.
+	AQC failure, accreditation has been removed from this result, if appropriate, see 'Note' on previous page.
>>	Results above calibration range, the result should be considered the minimum value. The actual result could be significantly higher.
*	Analysis subcontracted to an Element Materials Technology approved laboratory.
AD	Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C
СО	Suspected carry over
LOD/LOR	Limit of Detection (Limit of Reporting) in line with ISO 17025 and MCERTS
ME	Matrix Effect
NFD	No Fibres Detected
BS	AQC Sample
LB	Blank Sample
N	Client Sample
ТВ	Trip Blank Sample
ОС	Outside Calibration Range

HWOL ACRONYMS AND OPERATORS USED

HS	Headspace Analysis.
EH	Extractable Hydrocarbons - i.e. everything extracted by the solvent.
CU	Clean-up - e.g. by florisil, silica gel.
1D	GC - Single coil gas chromatography.
Total	Aliphatics & Aromatics.
AL	Aliphatics only.
AR	Aromatics only.
2D	GC-GC - Double coil gas chromatography.
#1	EH_Total but with humics mathematically subtracted
#2	EU_Total but with fatty acids mathematically subtracted
_	Operator - underscore to separate acronyms (exception for +).
+	Operator to indicate cumulative e.g. EH+HS_Total or EH_CU+HS_Total
MS	Mass Spectrometry.

EMT Job No: 22/20554

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM21	Modified BS 7755-3:1995, ISO10694:1995 Determination of Total Organic Carbon or Total Carbon by combustion in an Eltra TOC furnace/analyser in the presence of oxygen. The CO2 generated is quantified using infra-red detection. Organic Matter (SOM) calculated as per EA MCERTS Chemical Testing of Soil, March 2012 v4.	PM24	Preparation of Soil and Marine Sediment Samples for Total Organic Carbon.			AD	Yes
TM30	Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma – Optical Emission Spectrometry): WATERS by Modified USEPA Method 200.7, Rev. 4.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6010B, Rev.2, Dec 1996; Modified BS EN ISO 11885:2009: SOILS by Modified USEP 6010B, Rev.2, Dec.1996; Modified EPA Method 3050B, Rev.2, Dec.1996	PM15	Acid digestion of dried and ground solid samples using Aqua Regia refluxed at 112.5 °C. Samples containing asbestos are not dried and ground.			AD	Yes
TM38	Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods: Chloride 325.2 (1978), Sulphate 375.4 (Rev.2 1993), o-Phosphate 365.2 (Rev.2 1993), TON 353.1 (Rev.2 1993), Nitrite 354.1 (1971), Hex Cr 7196A (1992), NH4+ 350.1 (Rev.2 1993) – All anions comparable to BS ISO 15923-1: 2013l	PM20	Extraction of dried and ground or as received samples with deionised water in a 2:1 water to solid ratio using a reciprocal shaker for all analytes except hexavalent chromium. Extraction of as received sample using 10:1 ratio of 0.2M sodium hydroxide to soil for hexavalent chromium using a reciprocal shaker.	Yes		AD	Yes
TM50	Acid soluble sulphate (Total Sulphate) analysed by ICP-OES	PM29	A hot hydrochloric acid digest is performed on a dried and ground sample, and the resulting liquor is analysed.			AD	Yes
TM73	Modified US EPA methods 150.1 (1982) and 9045D Rev. 4 - 2004) and BS1377-3:1990. Determination of pH by Metrohm automated probe analyser.	PM11	Extraction of as received solid samples using one part solid to 2.5 parts deionised water.	Yes		AR	No



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Ground Investigations Ireland Catherinestown House Hazelhatch Road Newcastle Co. Dublin Ireland





Attention: James Cashen

Date: 16th January, 2023

Your reference : 12325-10-2222

Our reference : Test Report 22/20742 Batch 1

Location : Conmnagappul Wind Farm

Date samples received: 15th December, 2022

Status: Final Report

Issue: 1

Twenty nine samples were received for analysis on 15th December, 2022 of which twelve were scheduled for analysis. Please find attached our Test Report which should be read with notes at the end of the report and should include all sections if reproduced. Interpretations and opinions are outside the scope of any accreditation, and all results relate only to samples supplied.

All analysis is carried out on as received samples and reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Results are not surrogate corrected.

Authorised By:

Liza Klebe

Project Co-ordinator

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced

Client Name: Ground Investigations Ireland

Reference: 12325-10-2222

Location: Conmnagappul Wind Farm

Contact: James Cashen FMT Job No: 22/20742 Report : Solid

Solids: V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

EMT Job No:	22/20742												
EMT Sample No.	2	6	9	10	12	13	14	17	21	24			
Sample ID	TP06	TP07	TP08	TP09	TP09	TP10	TP10	TP11	TP14	TP15			
Depth	0.50	1.50	3.00	1.00	3.50	1.00	2.50	1.50	1.50	2.50		e attached n	
COC No / misc											abbrevi	ations and a	cronyms
Containers	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т			
Sample Date	07/12/2022	08/12/2022	08/12/2022	09/12/2022	09/12/2022	09/12/2022	09/12/2022	08/12/2022	07/12/2022	07/12/2022			
Sample Type	Soil												
Batch Number	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	LOD/LOR	Units	Method
Date of Receipt	15/12/2022	15/12/2022	15/12/2022	15/12/2022	15/12/2022	15/12/2022	15/12/2022	15/12/2022	15/12/2022	15/12/2022	LOD/LOR	Offics	No.
Sulphur as S	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.01	<0.01	-	-	<0.01	%	TM30/PM1
Total Sulphate as SO4 BRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.01	<0.01	-	-	<0.01	%	TM50/PM29
Chloride (2:1 Ext BRE)#	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.004	-	-	<0.002	g/l	TM38/PM20
Sulphate as SO4 (2:1 Ext)#	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0056	0.0050	-	-	<0.0015	g/l	TM38/PM20
O	0.7	-0.0	-0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0	.0.0	.0.0	0.5		-0.0	0/	TMO4 (DMO)
Organic Matter	0.7	<0.2	<0.2	0.9	0.3	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	0.5	0.3	<0.2	%	TM21/PM24
pH#	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.69	5.43	-	-	<0.01	pH units	TM73/PM11

Client Name: Ground Investigations Ireland

Reference: 12325-10-2222

Location: Conmnagappul Wind Farm

Contact: James Cashen EMT Job No: 22/20742

Report : Solid

Solids: V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

EMT Job No:	22/20742								
EMT Sample No.	27	29							
Sample ID	TP16	TP16							
Depth	1.50	3.50					Please se	e attached n	otes for all
COC No / misc							abbrevi	ations and ad	cronyms
Containers	Т	Т							
Sample Date	07/12/2022	07/12/2022							
Sample Type	Soil	Soil							
Batch Number	1	1					LOD/LOR	Units	Method
Date of Receipt	15/12/2022	15/12/2022					202/2011		No.
Sulphur as S	-	<0.01					<0.01	%	TM30/PM15
Total Sulphate as SO4 BRE	-	<0.01					<0.01	%	TM50/PM29
Chloride (2:1 Ext BRE)#	-	<0.002					<0.002	g/l	TM38/PM20
Sulphate as SO4 (2:1 Ext)#	-	0.0098					<0.0015	g/l	TM38/PM20
Organic Matter	<0.2	-					<0.2	%	TM21/PM24
g									
pH#	-	5.04					<0.01	pH units	TM73/PM11

Element Materials Technology

Notification of Deviating Samples

Client Name: Ground Investigations Ireland Matrix : Solid

Reference: 12325-10-2222

Location: Conmnagappul Wind Farm

Contact: James Cashen

EMT Job No.	Batch	Sample ID	Depth	EMT Sample No.	Analysis	Reason
22/20742	1	TP10	2.50	14	pH, Sulphate	Sample holding time exceeded
22/20742	1	TP11	1.50	17	Chloride, pH, Sulphate	Sample holding time exceeded
22/20742	1	TP16	3.50	29	Chloride, pH, Sulphate	Sample holding time exceeded

Please note that only samples that are deviating are mentioned in this report. If no samples are listed it is because none were deviating. Only analyses which are accredited are recorded as deviating if set criteria are not met.

NOTES TO ACCOMPANY ALL SCHEDULES AND REPORTS

EMT Job No.: 22/20742

SOILS and ASH

Please note we are only MCERTS accredited (UK soils only) for sand, loam and clay and any other matrix is outside our scope of accreditation.

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation has been performed on clay, sand and loam, only samples that are predominantly these matrices, or combinations of them will be within our MCERTS scope. If samples are not one of a combination of the above matrices they will not be marked as MCERTS accredited.

It is assumed that you have taken representative samples on site and require analysis on a representative subsample. Stones will generally be included unless we are requested to remove them.

All samples will be discarded one month after the date of reporting, unless we are instructed to the contrary. Asbestos samples are retained for 6 months.

If you have not already done so, please send us a purchase order if this is required by your company.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

All analysis is reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Limits of detection for analyses carried out on as received samples are not moisture content corrected. Results are not surrogate corrected. Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C unless otherwise stated. Moisture content for CEN Leachate tests are dried at 105°C ±5°C. Ash samples are dried at 37°C ±5°C.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

Where a CEN 10:1 ZERO Headspace VOC test has been carried out, a 10:1 ratio of water to wet (as received) soil has been used.

% Asbestos in Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) is determined by reference to HSG 264 The Survey Guide - Appendix 2 : ACMs in buildings listed in order of ease of fibre release.

Sufficient amount of sample must be received to carry out the testing specified. Where an insufficient amount of sample has been received the testing may not meet the requirements of our accredited methods, as such accreditation may be removed.

Negative Neutralization Potential (NP) values are obtained when the volume of NaOH (0.1N) titrated (pH 8.3) is greater than the volume of HCI (1N) to reduce the pH of the sample to 2.0 - 2.5. Any negative NP values are corrected to 0.

The calculation of Pyrite content assumes that all oxidisable sulphides present in the sample are pyrite. This may not be the case. The calculation may be an overesitimate when other sulphides such as Barite (Barium Sulphate) are present.

WATERS

Please note we are not a UK Drinking Water Inspectorate (DWI) Approved Laboratory .

ISO17025 accreditation applies to surface water and groundwater and usually one other matrix which is analysis specific, any other liquids are outside our scope of accreditation.

As surface waters require different sample preparation to groundwaters the laboratory must be informed of the water type when submitting samples.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

STACK EMISSIONS

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation for Dioxins and Furans and Dioxin like PCBs has been performed on XAD-2 Resin, only samples which use this resin will be within our MCERTS scope.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

DEVIATING SAMPLES

All samples should be submitted to the laboratory in suitable containers with sufficient ice packs to sustain an appropriate temperature for the requested analysis. The temperature of sample receipt is recorded on the confirmation schedules in order that the client can make an informed decision as to whether testing should still be undertaken.

SURROGATES

Surrogate compounds are added during the preparation process to monitor recovery of analytes. However low recovery in soils is often due to peat, clay or other organic rich matrices. For waters this can be due to oxidants, surfactants, organic rich sediments or remediation fluids. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 - 130% and for VOCs are 50 - 150%. When surrogate recoveries are outside the performance criteria but the associated AQC passes this is assumed to be due to matrix effect. Results are not surrogate corrected.

DILUTIONS

A dilution suffix indicates a dilution has been performed and the reported result takes this into account. No further calculation is required.

BLANKS

Where analytes have been found in the blank, the sample will be treated in accordance with our laboratory procedure for dealing with contaminated blanks.

EMT Job No.: 22/20742

NOTE

Data is only reported if the laboratory is confident that the data is a true reflection of the samples analysed. Data is only reported as accredited when all the requirements of our Quality System have been met. In certain circumstances where all the requirements of the Quality System have not been met, for instance if the associated AQC has failed, the reason is fully investigated and documented. The sample data is then evaluated alongside the other quality control checks performed during analysis to determine its suitability. Following this evaluation, provided the sample results have not been effected, the data is reported but accreditation is removed. It is a UKAS requirement for data not reported as accredited to be considered indicative only, but this does not mean the data is not valid.

Where possible, and if requested, samples will be re-extracted and a revised report issued with accredited results. Please do not hesitate to contact the laboratory if further details are required of the circumstances which have led to the removal of accreditation.

Laboratory records are kept for a period of no less than 6 years.

REPORTS FROM THE SOUTH AFRICA LABORATORY

Any method number not prefixed with SA has been undertaken in our UK laboratory unless reported as subcontracted.

Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty defines the range of values that could reasonably be attributed to the measured quantity. This range of values has not been included within the reported results. Uncertainty expressed as a percentage can be provided upon request.

Customer Provided Information

Sample ID and depth is information provided by the customer.

ABBREVIATIONS and ACRONYMS USED

ISO17025 (UKAS Ref No. 4225) accredited - UK.
ISO17025 (SANAS Ref No.T0729) accredited - South Africa
Indicates analyte found in associated method blank.
Dilution required.
MCERTS accredited.
Not applicable
No Asbestos Detected.
None Detected (usually refers to VOC and/SVOC TICs).
No Determination Possible
Calibrated against a single substance
Surrogate recovery outside performance criteria. This may be due to a matrix effect.
Results expressed on as received basis.
AQC failure, accreditation has been removed from this result, if appropriate, see 'Note' on previous page.
Results above calibration range, the result should be considered the minimum value. The actual result could be significantly higher.
Analysis subcontracted to an Element Materials Technology approved laboratory.
Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C
Suspected carry over
Limit of Detection (Limit of Reporting) in line with ISO 17025 and MCERTS
Matrix Effect
No Fibres Detected
AQC Sample
Blank Sample
Client Sample
Trip Blank Sample
Outside Calibration Range

HWOL ACRONYMS AND OPERATORS USED

HS	Headspace Analysis.
EH	Extractable Hydrocarbons - i.e. everything extracted by the solvent.
CU	Clean-up - e.g. by florisil, silica gel.
1D	GC - Single coil gas chromatography.
Total	Aliphatics & Aromatics.
AL	Aliphatics only.
AR	Aromatics only.
2D	GC-GC - Double coil gas chromatography.
#1	EH_Total but with humics mathematically subtracted
#2	EU_Total but with fatty acids mathematically subtracted
_	Operator - underscore to separate acronyms (exception for +).
+	Operator to indicate cumulative e.g. EH+HS_Total or EH_CU+HS_Total
MS	Mass Spectrometry.

EMT Job No: 22/20742

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM21	Modified BS 7755-3:1995, ISO10694:1995 Determination of Total Organic Carbon or Total Carbon by combustion in an Eltra TOC furnace/analyser in the presence of oxygen. The CO2 generated is quantified using infra-red detection. Organic Matter (SOM) calculated as per EA MCERTS Chemical Testing of Soil, March 2012 v4.	PM24	Preparation of Soil and Marine Sediment Samples for Total Organic Carbon.			AD	Yes
TM30	Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma – Optical Emission Spectrometry): WATERS by Modified USEPA Method 200.7, Rev. 4.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6010B, Rev.2, Dec 1996; Modified BS EN ISO 11885:2009: SOILS by Modified USEP 6010B, Rev.2, Dec.1996; Modified EPA Method 3050B, Rev.2, Dec.1996	PM15	Acid digestion of dried and ground solid samples using Aqua Regia refluxed at 112.5 °C. Samples containing asbestos are not dried and ground.			AD	Yes
TM38	Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods: Chloride 325.2 (1978), Sulphate 375.4 (Rev.2 1993), o-Phosphate 365.2 (Rev.2 1993), TON 353.1 (Rev.2 1993), Nitrite 354.1 (1971), Hex Cr 7196A (1992), NH4+ 350.1 (Rev.2 1993) – All anions comparable to BS ISO 15923-1: 2013l	PM20	Extraction of dried and ground or as received samples with deionised water in a 2:1 water to solid ratio using a reciprocal shaker for all analytes except hexavalent chromium. Extraction of as received sample using 10:1 ratio of 0.2M sodium hydroxide to soil for hexavalent chromium using a reciprocal shaker.	Yes		AD	Yes
TM50	Acid soluble sulphate (Total Sulphate) analysed by ICP-OES	PM29	A hot hydrochloric acid digest is performed on a dried and ground sample, and the resulting liquor is analysed.			AD	Yes
TM73	Modified US EPA methods 150.1 (1982) and 9045D Rev. 4 - 2004) and BS1377-3:1990. Determination of pH by Metrohm automated probe analyser.	PM11	Extraction of as received solid samples using one part solid to 2.5 parts deionised water.	Yes		AR	No



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Ground Investigations Ireland Catherinestown House Hazelhatch Road Newcastle Co. Dublin Ireland





Attention: James Cashen

Date: 27th March, 2023

Your reference : 12325-10-22

Our reference : Test Report 23/4264 Batch 1

Location : Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Date samples received: 17th March, 2023

Status: Final Report

Issue:

One sample was received for analysis on 17th March, 2023 and was scheduled for analysis. Please find attached our Test Report which should be read with notes at the end of the report and should include all sections if reproduced. Interpretations and opinions are outside the scope of any accreditation, and all results relate only to samples supplied.

All analysis is carried out on as received samples and reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Results are not surrogate corrected.

Authorised By:

Bruce Leslie

Project Manager

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced

Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Ground Investigations Ireland

Reference: 12325-10-22

Location: Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contact: James Cashen EMT Job No: 23/4264

Report : Solid

Solids: V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

EMT Job No:	23/4264							
EMT Sample No.	1							
Sample ID	BH-04							
Depth	6.50-8.00							
COC No / misc						Please se abbrevi	e attached n ations and a	otes for all cronyms
Containers								
Sample Date								
Sample Type								
Batch Number						LOD/LOR	Units	Method No.
Date of Receipt								
Sulphur as S Total Sulphate as SO4 BRE	<0.01 <0.01					<0.01 <0.01	%	TM30/PM15 TM50/PM29
Total outpriate as 004 BIXE	40.01					40.01	70	TWOOT WIZE
Sulphate as SO4 (2:1 Ext)#	0.0140					<0.0015	g/l	TM38/PM20
pH#	7.05					<0.01	pH units	TM73/PM11

Client Name: Ground Investigations Ireland

Reference: 12325-10-22

Location: Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contact: James Cashen

EMT Job No.	Batch	Sample ID	Depth	EMT Sample No.	Analysis	Reason					
	No deviating sample report results for job 23/4264										

Please note that only samples that are deviating are mentioned in this report. If no samples are listed it is because none were deviating. Only analyses which are accredited are recorded as deviating if set criteria are not met.

NOTES TO ACCOMPANY ALL SCHEDULES AND REPORTS

EMT Job No.: 23/4264

SOILS and ASH

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Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation has been performed on clay, sand and loam, only samples that are predominantly these matrices, or combinations of them will be within our MCERTS scope. If samples are not one of a combination of the above matrices they will not be marked as MCERTS accredited.

It is assumed that you have taken representative samples on site and require analysis on a representative subsample. Stones will generally be included unless we are requested to remove them.

All samples will be discarded one month after the date of reporting, unless we are instructed to the contrary. Asbestos samples are retained for 6 months.

If you have not already done so, please send us a purchase order if this is required by your company.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

All analysis is reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Limits of detection for analyses carried out on as received samples are not moisture content corrected. Results are not surrogate corrected. Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C unless otherwise stated. Moisture content for CEN Leachate tests are dried at 105°C ±5°C. Ash samples are dried at 37°C ±5°C.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

Where a CEN 10:1 ZERO Headspace VOC test has been carried out, a 10:1 ratio of water to wet (as received) soil has been used.

% Asbestos in Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) is determined by reference to HSG 264 The Survey Guide - Appendix 2 : ACMs in buildings listed in order of ease of fibre release.

Sufficient amount of sample must be received to carry out the testing specified. Where an insufficient amount of sample has been received the testing may not meet the requirements of our accredited methods, as such accreditation may be removed.

Negative Neutralization Potential (NP) values are obtained when the volume of NaOH (0.1N) titrated (pH 8.3) is greater than the volume of HCI (1N) to reduce the pH of the sample to 2.0 - 2.5. Any negative NP values are corrected to 0.

The calculation of Pyrite content assumes that all oxidisable sulphides present in the sample are pyrite. This may not be the case. The calculation may be an overesitimate when other sulphides such as Barite (Barium Sulphate) are present.

WATERS

Please note we are not a UK Drinking Water Inspectorate (DWI) Approved Laboratory .

ISO17025 accreditation applies to surface water and groundwater and usually one other matrix which is analysis specific, any other liquids are outside our scope of accreditation.

As surface waters require different sample preparation to groundwaters the laboratory must be informed of the water type when submitting samples.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

STACK EMISSIONS

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation for Dioxins and Furans and Dioxin like PCBs has been performed on XAD-2 Resin, only samples which use this resin will be within our MCERTS scope.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

DEVIATING SAMPLES

All samples should be submitted to the laboratory in suitable containers with sufficient ice packs to sustain an appropriate temperature for the requested analysis. The temperature of sample receipt is recorded on the confirmation schedules in order that the client can make an informed decision as to whether testing should still be undertaken.

SURROGATES

Surrogate compounds are added during the preparation process to monitor recovery of analytes. However low recovery in soils is often due to peat, clay or other organic rich matrices. For waters this can be due to oxidants, surfactants, organic rich sediments or remediation fluids. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 - 130% and for VOCs are 50 - 150%. When surrogate recoveries are outside the performance criteria but the associated AQC passes this is assumed to be due to matrix effect. Results are not surrogate corrected.

DILUTIONS

A dilution suffix indicates a dilution has been performed and the reported result takes this into account. No further calculation is required.

BLANKS

Where analytes have been found in the blank, the sample will be treated in accordance with our laboratory procedure for dealing with contaminated blanks.

EMT Job No.: 23/4264

NOTE

Data is only reported if the laboratory is confident that the data is a true reflection of the samples analysed. Data is only reported as accredited when all the requirements of our Quality System have been met. In certain circumstances where all the requirements of the Quality System have not been met, for instance if the associated AQC has failed, the reason is fully investigated and documented. The sample data is then evaluated alongside the other quality control checks performed during analysis to determine its suitability. Following this evaluation, provided the sample results have not been effected, the data is reported but accreditation is removed. It is a UKAS requirement for data not reported as accredited to be considered indicative only, but this does not mean the data is not valid.

Where possible, and if requested, samples will be re-extracted and a revised report issued with accredited results. Please do not hesitate to contact the laboratory if further details are required of the circumstances which have led to the removal of accreditation. Laboratory records are kept for a period of no less than 6 years.

REPORTS FROM THE SOUTH AFRICA LABORATORY

Any method number not prefixed with SA has been undertaken in our UK laboratory unless reported as subcontracted.

Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty defines the range of values that could reasonably be attributed to the measured quantity. This range of values has not been included within the reported results. Uncertainty expressed as a percentage can be provided upon request.

Customer Provided Information

Sample ID and depth is information provided by the customer.

ABBREVIATIONS and ACRONYMS USED

NA	Not applicable
NA	Not applicable
NAD	No Asbestos Detected.
ND	None Detected (usually refers to VOC and/SVOC TICs).
NDP	No Determination Possible
SS	Calibrated against a single substance
SV	Surrogate recovery outside performance criteria. This may be due to a matrix effect.
W	Results expressed on as received basis.
+	AQC failure, accreditation has been removed from this result, if appropriate, see 'Note' on previous page.
>>	Results above quantitative calibration range. The result should be considered the minimum value and is indicative only. The actual result could be significantly higher.
*	Analysis subcontracted to an Element Materials Technology approved laboratory.
AD	Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C
СО	Suspected carry over
LOD/LOR	Limit of Detection (Limit of Reporting) in line with ISO 17025 and MCERTS
ME	Matrix Effect
NFD	No Fibres Detected
BS	AQC Sample
LB	Blank Sample
N	Client Sample
ТВ	Trip Blank Sample
OC	Outside Calibration Range

HWOL ACRONYMS AND OPERATORS USED

HS	Headspace Analysis.
EH	Extractable Hydrocarbons - i.e. everything extracted by the solvent.
CU	Clean-up - e.g. by florisil, silica gel.
1D	GC - Single coil gas chromatography.
Total	Aliphatics & Aromatics.
AL	Aliphatics only.
AR	Aromatics only.
2D	GC-GC - Double coil gas chromatography.
#1	EH_Total but with humics mathematically subtracted
#2	EU_Total but with fatty acids mathematically subtracted
_	Operator - underscore to separate acronyms (exception for +).
+	Operator to indicate cumulative e.g. EH+HS_Total or EH_CU+HS_Total
MS	Mass Spectrometry.

EMT Job No: 23/4264

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM30	Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma – Optical Emission Spectrometry): WATERS by Modified USEPA Method 200.7, Rev. 4.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6010B, Rev.2, Dec 1996; Modified BS EN ISO 11885:2009: SOILS by Modified USEP 6010B, Rev.2, Dec.1996; Modified EPA Method 3050B, Rev.2, Dec.1996	PM15	Acid digestion of dried and ground solid samples using Aqua Regia refluxed at 112.5 °C. Samples containing asbestos are not dried and ground.			AD	Yes
TM38	Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods: Chloride 325.2 (1978), Sulphate 375.4 (Rev.2 1993), o-Phosphate 365.2 (Rev.2 1993), TON 353.1 (Rev.2 1993), Nitrite 354.1 (1971), Hex Cr 7196A (1992), NH4+ 350.1 (Rev.2 1993) – All anions comparable to BS ISO 15923-1: 2013l	PM20	Extraction of dried and ground or as received samples with deionised water in a 2:1 water to solid ratio using a reciprocal shaker for all analytes except hexavalent chromium. Extraction of as received sample using 10:1 ratio of 0.2M sodium hydroxide to soil for hexavalent chromium using a reciprocal shaker.	Yes		AD	Yes
TM50	Acid soluble sulphate (Total Sulphate) analysed by ICP-OES	PM29	A hot hydrochloric acid digest is performed on a dried and ground sample, and the resulting liquor is analysed.			AD	Yes
TM73	Modified US EPA methods 150.1 (1982) and 9045D Rev. 4 - 2004) and BS1377-3:1990. Determination of pH by Metrohm automated probe analyser.	PM11	Extraction of as received solid samples using one part solid to 2.5 parts deionised water.	Yes		AR	No



LABORATORY REPORT



Contract Number: PSL23/0371

Report Date: 10 February 2023

Client's Reference: 12325-10-22

Client Name: Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd

Catherinestown House Hazelhatch Road

Newcastle Co Dublin D22 YD52

For the attention of: James Cashen

Contract Title: Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Date Received: 19/1/2023
Date Commenced: 19/1/2023
Date Completed: 10/2/2023

Notes: Opinions and Interpretations are outside the UKAS Accreditation

A copy of the Laboratory Schedule of accredited tests as issued by UKAS is attached to this report. This certificate is issued in accordance with the accreditation requirements of the United Kingdom Accreditation Service. The results reported herein relate only to the material supplied to the laboratory. This certificate shall not be reproduced other than in full, without the prior written approval of the laboratory.

Checked and Approved Signatories:

A Watkins R Berriman

(Director) (Quality Manager) (Laboratory Manager)

L Knight S Eyre T Watkins
(Assistant Laboratory Manager) (Senior Technician) (Senior Technician)

Page 1 of

8/4

S Royle

5 - 7 Hexthorpe Road,

Hexthorpe, Doncaster, DN4 0AR

Tel: 01302 768098

Email: rberriman@prosoils.co.uk awatkins@prosoils.co.uk

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY SOIL DESCRIPTIONS

Hole Number	Sample Number	Sample Type	Top Depth m	Base Depth m	Description of Sample
TP01		B+T	0.50		Brown very sandy GRAVEL.
TP02		B+T	1.50		Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly SILT.
TP03		B+T	1.50		Brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY.
TP04		B+T	0.50		Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY.
TP04		B+T	1.50		Brown sandy GRAVEL.
TP04		B+T	2.50		Brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY.
TP05		B+T	0.50		Brown clayey sandy GRAVEL.
TP05		B+T	1.50		Brown clayey sandy GRAVEL with many cobbles.
TP06		B+T	0.50		Brown clayey SAND & GRAVEL.
TP06		B+T	1.50		Brown sandy slightly gravelly CLAY.
TP06		B+T	3.00		Brown sandy slightly gravelly CLAY.
TP06		B+T	4.00		Brown sandy slightly gravelly CLAY.
TP07		B+T	1.50		Brown sandy gravelly CLAY.
TP08		B+T	1.50		Brown very sandy GRAVEL.
TP08		B+T	3.00		Brown SAND & GRAVEL.
TP09		B+T	1.00		Dark brown very sandy GRAVEL.
TP09		B+T	2.00		Brown slightly clayey sandy GRAVEL.
TP09		B+T	3.50		Brown sandy slightly gravelly CLAY.
TP10		B+T	1.00		Brown sandy GRAVEL.





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No:
PSL23/0371
Client Ref:
12325-10-22

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY SOIL DESCRIPTIONS

Hole Number	Sample Number	Sample Type	Top Depth m	Base Depth m	Description of Sample
TP10		B+T	2.50		Brown slightly clayey very sandy GRAVEL.
TP10		B+T	3.50		Brown clayey very sandy GRAVEL.
TP11		B+T	0.50		Brown sandy GRAVEL.
TP11		B+T	1.50		Brown sandy GRAVEL.
TP11		B+T	2.50		Brown SAND & GRAVEL.
TP12		B+T	3.00		Brown sandy slightly clayey GRAVEL.
TP13		B+T	1.00		Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY.
TP13		B+T	2.00		Brown very sandy GRAVEL.
TP14		B+T	0.50		Brown very sandy GRAVEL.
TP14		B+T	1.50		Brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY.
TP15		B+T	0.50		Brown very sandy GRAVEL.
TP15		B+T	2.50		Brown slightly clayey sandy GRAVEL.
TP16		B+T	1.50		Brown sandy slightly gravelly CLAY.
TP16		B+T	2.50		Brown clayey SAND & GRAVEL.
TP16		B+T	3.50		Brown slightly clayey SAND & GRAVEL.
TP17		B+T	1.00		Brown slightly clayey sandy GRAVEL.
TP19		B+T	1.00		Brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with some cobbles.
TP20		B+T	1.00		Brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with some cobbles.
TP22		B+T	1.50		Brown sandy slightly gravelly CLAY.





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No:
PSL23/0371
Client Ref:
12325-10-22

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY SOIL DESCRIPTIONS

Hole Number	Sample Number	Sample Type	Top Depth m	Base Depth m	Description of Sample
TP22		B+T	2.50		Brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY.





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No:
PSL23/0371
Client Ref:
12325-10-22

SUMMARY OF SOIL CLASSIFICATION TESTS

(BS1377: PART 2: 1990)

TT 1	6 1	6 1	Tr.	D	Moisture	Linear	Particle	Liquid	Plastic	Plasticity	Passing	р
Hole	Sample	Sample	Top	Base	Content	Shrinkage	Density 3	Limit	Limit	Index	.425mm	Remarks
Number	Number	Type	Depth	Depth	%	%	Mg/m ³	%	%	%	%	
			m	m	Clause 3.2	Clause 6.5	Clause 8.2	Clause 4.3/4	Clause 5.3	Clause 5.4		
TP01		B+T	0.50		13				NP			
TP02		B+T	1.50		19				NP			
TP04		B+T	0.50		20			47	22	25	81	Intermediate Plasticity CI
TP04		B+T	1.50		8.4							
TP05		B+T	0.50		18							
TP06		B+T	0.50		15				NP			
TP06		B+T	1.50		17			33	17	16	54	Low Plasticity CL
TP06		B+T	3.00		18			34	17	17	61	Low Plasticity CL
TP06		B+T	4.00		18							
TP07		B+T	1.50		12			30	16	14	51	Low Plasticity CL
TP08		B+T	1.50		7.2				NP			
TP08		B+T	3.00		10				NP			
TP09		B+T	1.00		12				NP			
TP09		B+T	2.00		14				NP			
TP09		B+T	3.50		20			34	19	15	81	Low Plasticity CL
TP10		B+T	1.00		11				NP			
TP10		B+T	2.50		9.3				NP			
TP11		B+T	0.50		9.7							
TP11		B+T	1.50		9.4				NP			

SYMBOLS: NP: Non Plastic



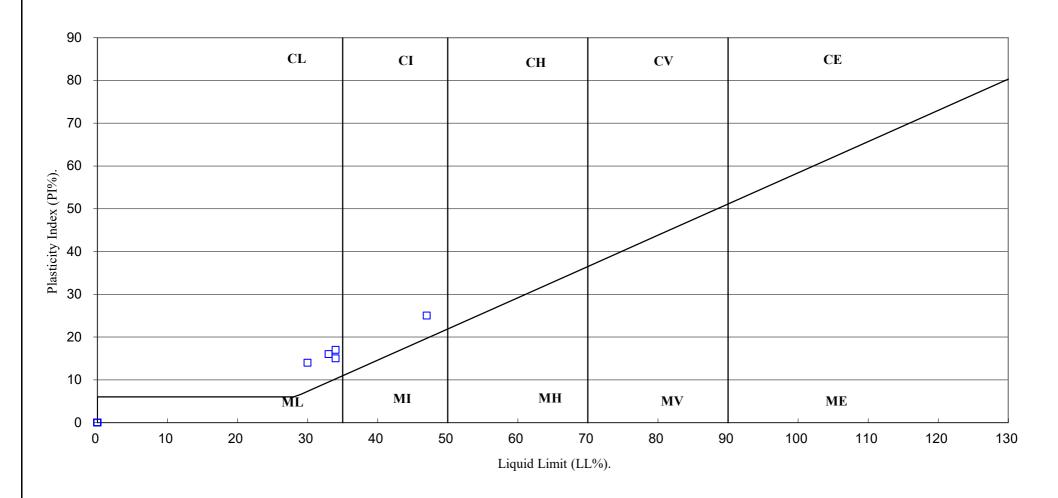


Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No:
PSL23/0371
Client Ref:
12325-10-22

^{*:} Liquid Limit and Plastic Limit Wet Sieved.

PLASTICITY CHART FOR CASAGRANDE CLASSIFICATION.







Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No:
PSL23/0371
Client Ref:
12325-10-22

PSLRF006

Issue No.1

Approved By: L Pavey

03/01/2023

SUMMARY OF SOIL CLASSIFICATION TESTS

(BS1377: PART 2: 1990)

Hole Number	Sample Number	Sample Type	Top Depth	Base Depth	Moisture Content %	Linear Shrinkage %	Particle Density Mg/m ³	Liquid Limit %	Plastic Limit %	Plasticity Index %	Passing .425mm	Remarks
			m	m	Clause 3.2	Clause 6.5	Clause 8.2	Clause 4.3/4	Clause 5.3	Clause 5.4		
TP11		B+T	2.50		12				NP			
TP13		B+T	1.00		15			36	19	17	63	Intermediate Plasticity CI
TP13		B+T	2.00		8.5				NP			
TP14		B+T	0.50		11				NP			
TP15		B+T	0.50		21				NP			
TP16		В+Т	1.50		12			33	17	16	68	Low Plasticity CL
TP16		B+T	2.50		11							
TP16		В+Т	3.50		11				NP			
TP17		В+Т	1.00		9.1				NP			
TP22		B+T	1.50		12			31	16	15	67	Low Plasticity CL
TP22		B+T	2.50		14			37	19	18	36	Intermediate Plasticity CI

SYMBOLS: NP: Non Plastic



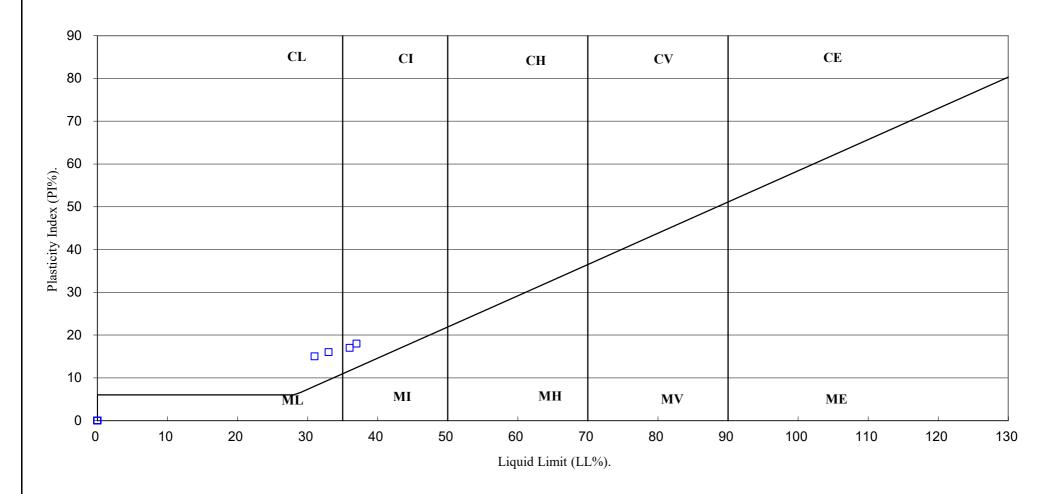


Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No:
PSL23/0371
Client Ref:
12325-10-22

^{*:} Liquid Limit and Plastic Limit Wet Sieved.

PLASTICITY CHART FOR CASAGRANDE CLASSIFICATION.







Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No:
PSL23/0371
Client Ref:
12325-10-22

PSLRF006

Issue No.1

Approved By: L Pavey

03/01/2023

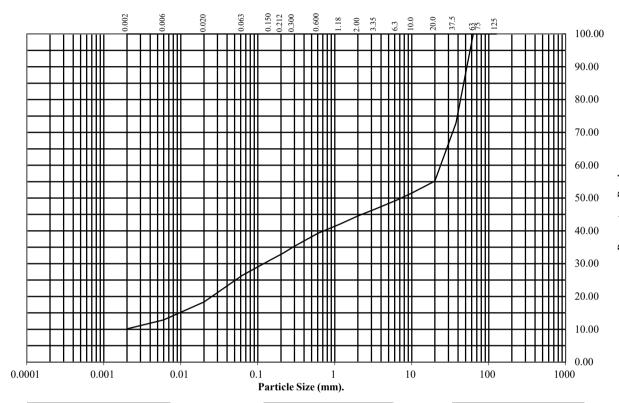
BS1377: Part 2: 1990

Wet Sieve & Pipette Analysis, Clause 9.2 & 9.4

Hole Number: TP03 Top Depth (m): 1.50

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B+T



BS Test	Percentage
Sieve (mm)	Passing
125	100
75	100
63	100
37.5	73
20	55
10	52
6.3	49
3.35	47
2	45
1.18	42
0.6	39
0.3	35
0.212	33
0.15	31
0.063	26

Particle	Percentage
Diameter	Passing
0.02	18
0.006	13
0.002	10

Soil	Total
Fraction	Percentage
G 111	0
Cobbles	0
Gravel	55
Sand	19
Silt	16
Clay	10

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

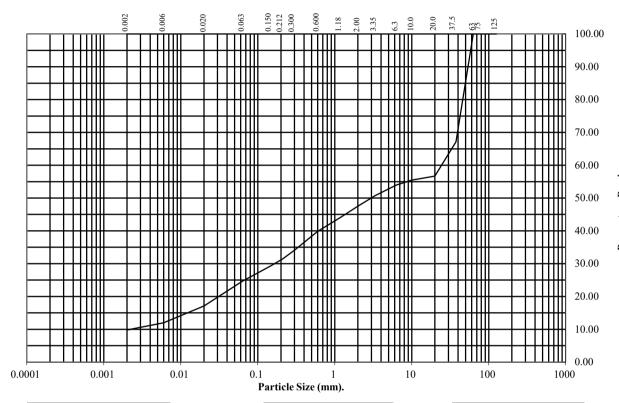
BS1377: Part 2: 1990

Wet Sieve & Pipette Analysis, Clause 9.2 & 9.4

Hole Number: TP04 Top Depth (m): 2.50

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B+T



BS Test	Percentage
Sieve (mm)	Passing
125	100
75	100
63	100
37.5	67
20	57
10	55
6.3	54
3.35	51
2	48
1.18	44
0.6	40
0.3	34
0.212	32
0.15	29
0.063	25

ĺ	Particle	Percentage
	Diameter	Passing
	0.02	17
	0.006	12
	0.002	10

Soil	Total
Fraction	Percentage
Cobbles	0
Gravel	52
Sand	23
Silt	15
Clay	10

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

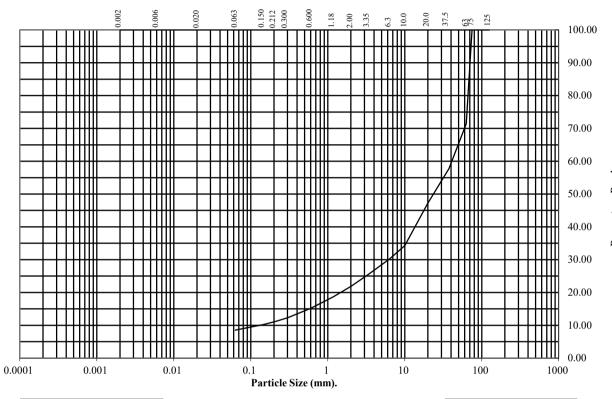
Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

BS1377 : Part 2 : 1990 Wet Sieve, Clause 9.2

Hole Number: TP05 Top Depth (m): 1.50

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B+T



BS Test	Percentage
Sieve (mm)	Passing
125	100
75	100
63	71
37.5	58
20	47
10	34
6.3	30
3.35	25
2	22
1.18	19
0.6	15
0.3	12
0.212	11
0.15	10
0.063	9

Soil	Total
Fraction	Percentage
Cobbles Gravel Sand Silt/Clay	29 49 13 9

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

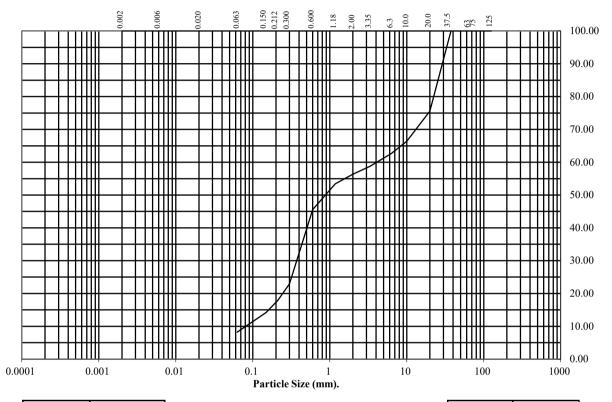
Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

BS1377 : Part 2 : 1990 Wet Sieve, Clause 9.2

Hole Number: TP06 Top Depth (m): 0.50

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B+T



BS Test	Percentage
Sieve (mm)	Passing
125	100
75	100
63	100
37.5	100
20	76
10	66
6.3	63
3.35	59
2	56
1.18	53
0.6	46
0.3	23
0.212	18
0.15	14
0.063	8

Soil	Total
Fraction	Percentage
Cobbles Gravel Sand Silt/Clay	0 44 48 8

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

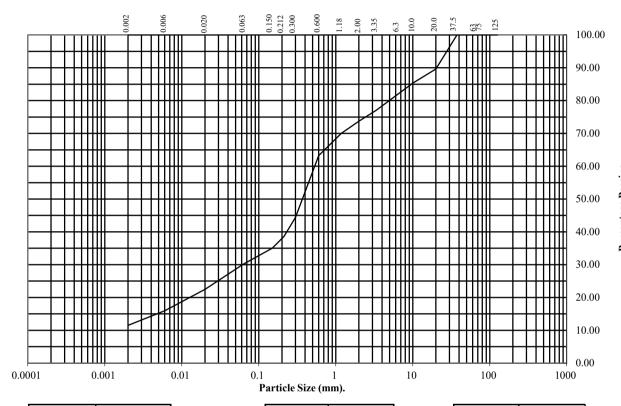
BS1377: Part 2: 1990

Wet Sieve & Pipette Analysis, Clause 9.2 & 9.4

Hole Number: TP06 Top Depth (m): 1.50

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B+T



BS Test	Percentage
Sieve (mm)	Passing
125	100
75	100
63	100
37.5	100
20	90
10	85
6.3	82
3.35	77
2	74
1.18	70
0.6	63
0.3	44
0.212	39
0.15	35
0.063	30

Particle	Percentage
Diameter	Passing
0.02	22
0.006	16
0.002	12

Soil	Total
Fraction	Percentage
Cobbles	0
Gravel	26
Sand	44
Silt	18
Clay	12

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

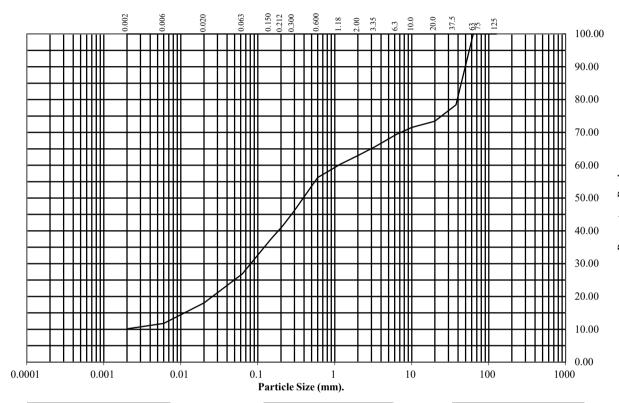
BS1377: Part 2: 1990

Wet Sieve & Pipette Analysis, Clause 9.2 & 9.4

Hole Number: TP07 Top Depth (m): 1.50

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B+T



BS Test	Percentage
Sieve (mm)	Passing
125	100
75	100
63	100
37.5	78
20	73
10	72
6.3	69
3.35	66
2	63
1.18	60
0.6	56
0.3	46
0.212	42
0.15	38
0.063	27

Particle	Percentage
Diameter	Passing
0.02	18
0.006	12
0.002	10

Soil	Total
Fraction	Percentage
Cobbles	0
Gravel	37
Sand	36
Silt	17
Clay	10

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

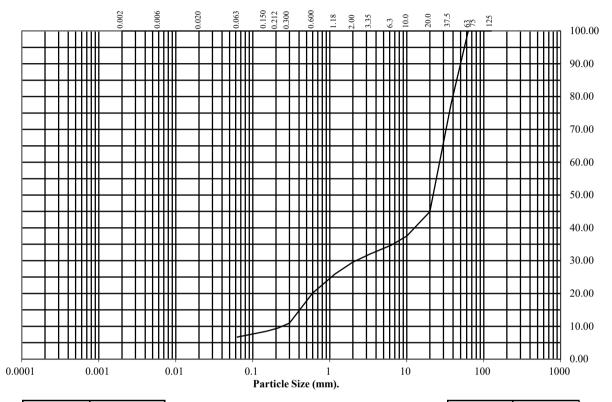
Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

BS1377 : Part 2 : 1990 Wet Sieve, Clause 9.2

Hole Number: TP10 Top Depth (m): 2.50

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B+T



BS Test	Percentage
Sieve (mm)	Passing
125	100
75	100
63	100
37.5	78
20	45
10	38
6.3	35
3.35	32
2	30
1.18	26
0.6	20
0.3	11
0.212	9
0.15	8
0.063	7

Soil	Total
Fraction	Percentage
Cobbles Gravel Sand Silt/Clay	0 70 23 7

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

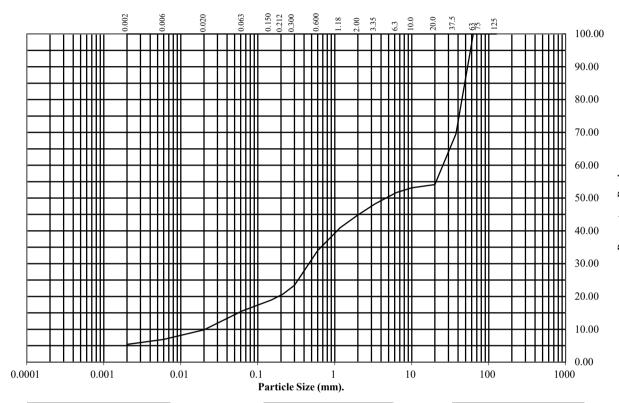
BS1377: Part 2: 1990

Wet Sieve & Pipette Analysis, Clause 9.2 & 9.4

Hole Number: TP10 Top Depth (m): 3.50

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B+T



BS Test	Percentage
Sieve (mm)	Passing
125	100
75	100
63	100
37.5	70
20	54
10	53
6.3	52
3.35	48
2	45
1.18	41
0.6	34
0.3	23
0.212	21
0.15	19
0.063	16

Particle	Percentage
Diameter	Passing
0.02	10
0.006	7
0.002	5

Soil	Total
Fraction	Percentage
Cobbles	0
Gravel	55
Sand	29
Silt	11
Clay	5

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

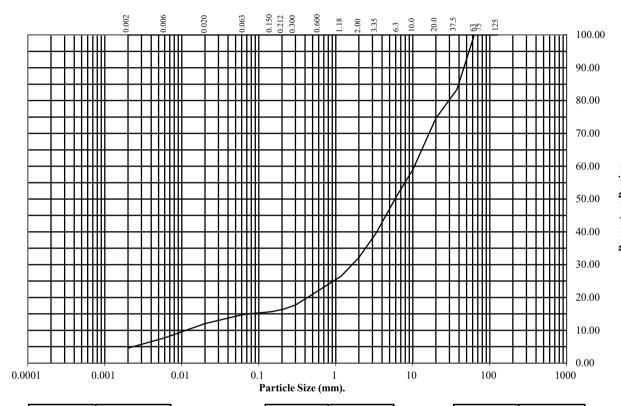
BS1377: Part 2: 1990

Wet Sieve & Pipette Analysis, Clause 9.2 & 9.4

Hole Number: TP12 Top Depth (m): 3.00

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B+T



BS Test	Percentage
Sieve (mm)	Passing
125	100
75	100
63	100
37.5	83
20	75
10	59
6.3	51
3.35	40
2	32
1.18	27
0.6	22
0.3	18
0.212	16
0.15	16
0.063	15

Particle	Percentage
Diameter	Passing
0.02	12
0.006	8
0.002	5

Soil	Total
Fraction	Percentage
Cobbles	0
Gravel	68
Sand	17
Silt	10
Clay	5

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

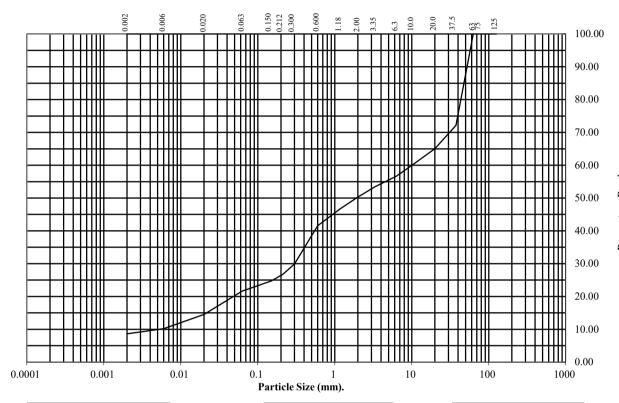
BS1377: Part 2: 1990

Wet Sieve & Pipette Analysis, Clause 9.2 & 9.4

Hole Number: TP14 Top Depth (m): 1.50

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B+T



BS Test	Percentage
Sieve (mm)	Passing
125	100
75	100
63	100
37.5	72
20	65
10	60
6.3	57
3.35	53
2	50
1.18	47
0.6	42
0.3	30
0.212	27
0.15	25
0.063	22

]	Particle	Percentage
Г	Diameter	Passing
	0.02	15
	0.006	10
(0.002	9

Soil	Total
Fraction	Percentage
Cobbles	0
Gravel	50
Sand	28
Silt	13
Clay	9

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

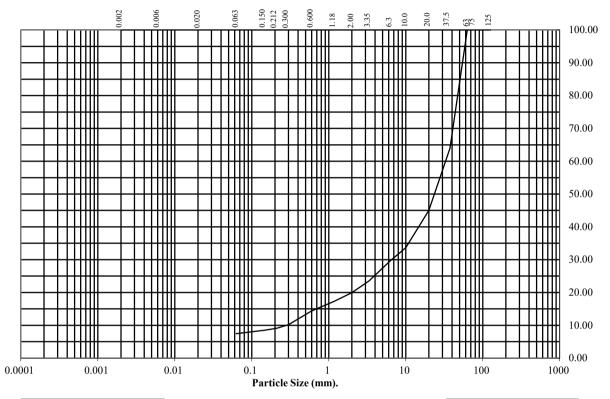
 PSLRF015
 Issue No.1
 Approved by: L Pavey
 03/01/2023

BS1377 : Part 2 : 1990 Wet Sieve, Clause 9.2

Hole Number: TP15 Top Depth (m): 2.50

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B+T



BS Test	Percentage
Sieve (mm)	Passing
125	100
75	100
63	100
37.5	64
20	45
10	34
6.3	30
3.35	24
2	20
1.18	17
0.6	14
0.3	10
0.212	9
0.15	9
0.063	7

Soil	Total
Fraction	Percentage
Cobbles Gravel Sand Silt/Clay	0 80 13 7

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

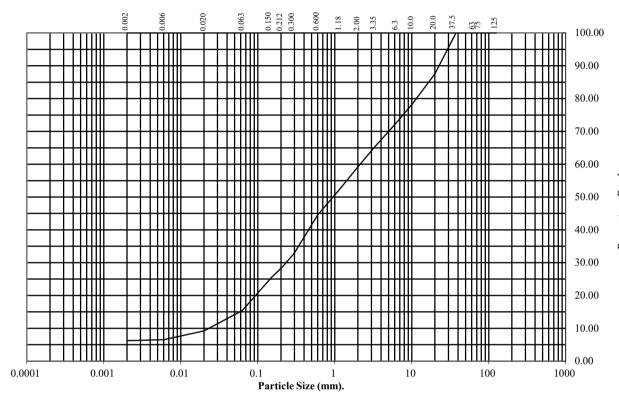
BS1377: Part 2: 1990

Wet Sieve & Pipette Analysis, Clause 9.2 & 9.4

Hole Number: TP16 Top Depth (m): 2.50

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B+T



BS Test	Percentage
Sieve (mm)	Passing
125	100
75	100
63	100
37.5	100
20	88
10	78
6.3	73
3.35	65
2	59
1.18	53
0.6	45
0.3	33
0.212	29
0.15	25
0.063	15

Particle	Percentage
Diamete	r Passing
0.02	9
0.006	7
0.002	6

Soil	Total
Fraction	Percentage
Cobbles	0
Gravel	41
Sand	44
Silt	9
Clay	6

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

 PSLRF015
 Issue No.1
 Approved by: L Pavey
 03/01/2023

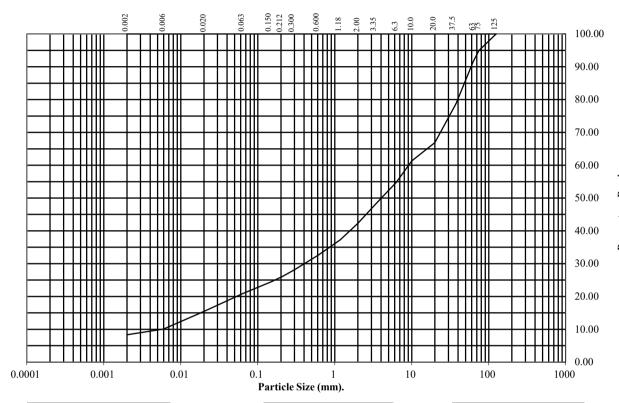
BS1377: Part 2: 1990

Wet Sieve & Pipette Analysis, Clause 9.2 & 9.4

Hole Number: TP19 Top Depth (m): 1.00

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B+T



BS Test	Percentage
Sieve (mm)	Passing
125	100
75	95
63	92
37.5	79
20	67
10	61
6.3	55
3.35	48
2	42
1.18	37
0.6	32
0.3	28
0.212	26
0.15	24
0.063	21

Particle	Percentage
Diameter	Passing
0.02	15
0.006	10
0.002	8

Soil	Total
Fraction	Percentage
Cobbles	8
Gravel	50
Sand	21
Silt	13
Clay	8

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

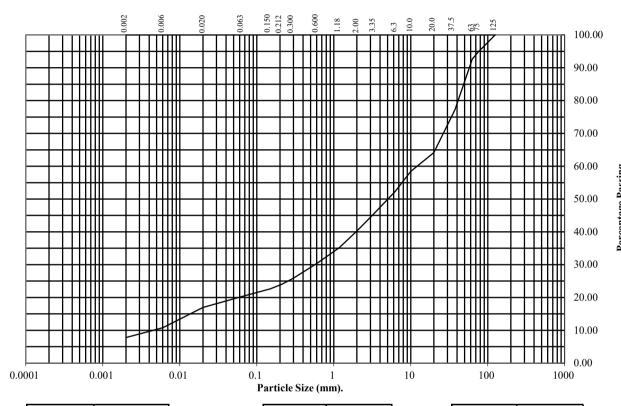
BS1377: Part 2: 1990

Wet Sieve & Pipette Analysis, Clause 9.2 & 9.4

Hole Number: TP20 Top Depth (m): 1.00

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B+T



BS Test	Percentage		
Sieve (mm)	Passing		
125	100		
75	95		
63	93		
37.5	77		
20	64		
10	58		
6.3	52		
3.35	46		
2	40		
1.18	35		
0.6	30		
0.3	26		
0.212	24		
0.15	23		
0.063	20		

Particle	Percentage
Diameter	Passing
0.02	17
0.006	11
0.002	8

Soil	Total
Fraction	Percentage
Cobbles	7
Gravel	53
Sand	20
Silt	12
Clay	8

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

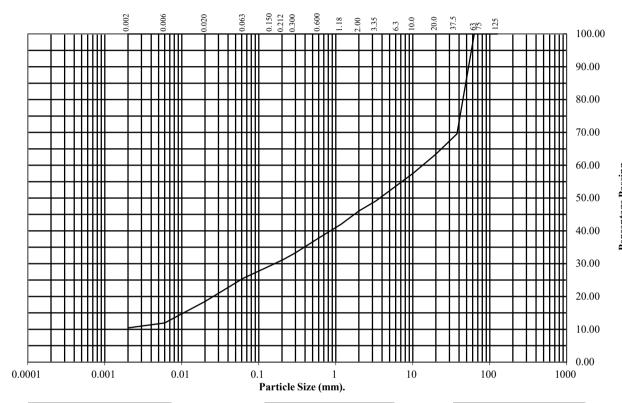
BS1377: Part 2: 1990

Wet Sieve & Pipette Analysis, Clause 9.2 & 9.4

Hole Number: TP22 Top Depth (m): 2.50

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B+T



BS Test	Percentage
Sieve (mm)	Passing
125	100
75	100
63	100
37.5	70
20	63
10	57
6.3	54
3.35	49
2	46
1.18	42
0.6	38
0.3	33
0.212	31
0.15	30
0.063	26

Particle	Percentage
Diameter	Passing
0.02	18
0.006	12
0.002	10

Soil	Total
Fraction	Percentage
Cobbles	0
Gravel	54
Sand	20
Silt	16
Clay	10

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

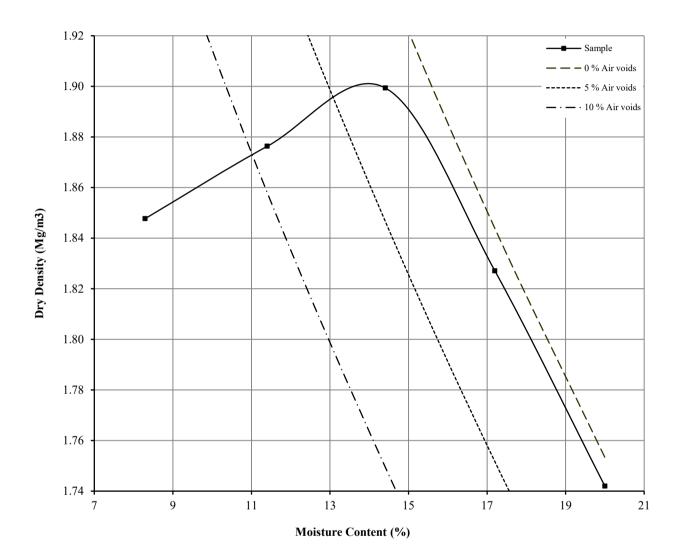
DRY DENSITY / MOISTURE CONTENT RELATIONSHIP

Non compliance with BS 1377: Part 4: Clause 3.4: 1990

Hole Number: TP19 Top Depth (m): 1.00

Sample Number: Base Depth (m):

Sample Type: B+T



Initial Moisture Content: 14 Method of Compaction:		Method of Compaction:	2.5kg	Separate Samples	
Particle Density (Mg/m3):	2.7	Assumed	Material Retained on 37.5 mm Test Sieve (%):		21
Maximum Dry Density (Mg/m3):		1.90	Material Retained on 20.0 mm Test Sieve (%):		12
Optimum Moisture Content (%):		14			
Remarks See summary of s	oil descriptions				





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract PSL23/0371 Client Ref 12325-10-22

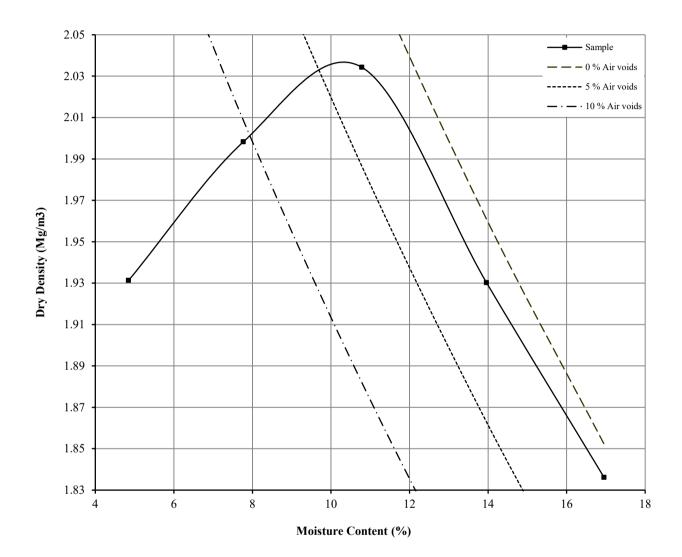
DRY DENSITY / MOISTURE CONTENT RELATIONSHIP

Non compliance with BS 1377: Part 4: Clause 3.4: 1990

Hole Number: TP20 Top Depth (m): 1.00

Sample Number: Base Depth (m):

Sample Type: B+T



Initial Moisture Content:		11	Method of Compaction: 2.5kg		Separate Samples
Particle Density (Mg/m3):	2.7	Assumed	Material Retained on 37.5 mm Test Sieve (%):		23
Maximum Dry Density (Mg	/m3):	2.03	Material Retained on 20.0 mm Test Sieve (%):		13
Optimum Moisture Content (%):		11			
Remarks See summary of s	oil descriptions				





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract
PSL23/0371
Client Ref
12325-10-22

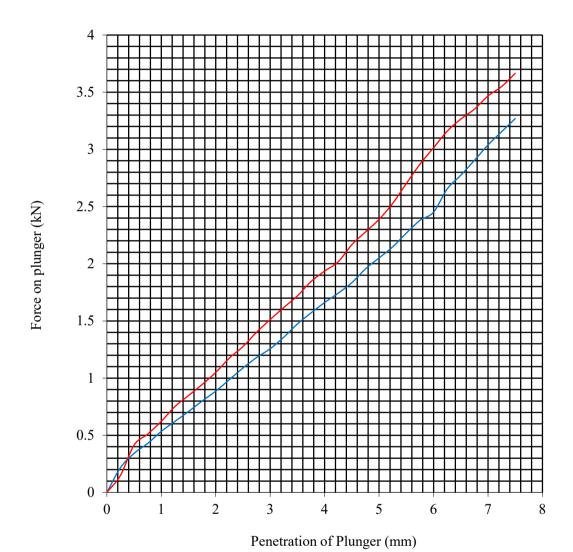
CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO TEST

Non compliance with BS 1377: Part 4: 1990

Hole Number: TP19 Top Depth (m): 1.00

Sample Number: Base Depth (m):

Sample Type: B+T



C.B.R. Value % **Initial Sample Conditions Sample Preparation Final Moisture Content %** Moisture Content: 14 Surcharge Kg: 4.00 Sample Top 15 Sample Top 10.3 Bulk Density Mg/m3: 2.18 Soaking Time hrs 0 Sample Bottom 14 Sample Bottom 11.9 Remarks: See Summary of Soil Descriptions. 1.90 Swelling mm: 0.00 Dry Density Mg/m3: Percentage retained on 20mm BS test sieve: 33

Тор

Bottom



Compaction Conditions



2.5kg

Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

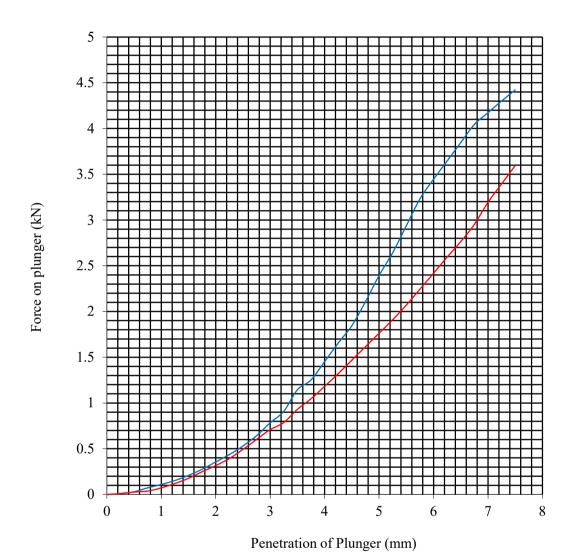
CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO TEST

Non compliance with BS 1377: Part 4: 1990

Hole Number: TP20 Top Depth (m): 1.00

Sample Number: Base Depth (m):

Sample Type: B+T



Initial Sample Conditions S		Sample Preparation		Final Moisture Content %		C.B.R. Value %	
Moisture Content:	11	Surcharge Kg:	4.00	Sample Top	11	Sample Top	12.0
Bulk Density Mg/m3:	2.24	Soaking Time hrs	0	Sample Bottom	11	Sample Bottom	8.8
Dry Density Mg/m3: 2.03 Swelling mm:		0.00	Remarks : See Summary o	f Soil Desci	riptions.		
Percentage retained on 20mm BS test sieve:		36					
Compaction Conditions 2.5kg							

- Top

Bottom





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

MOISTURE CONDITION VALUE

BS1377: Part 4: 1990 Clause 5.4

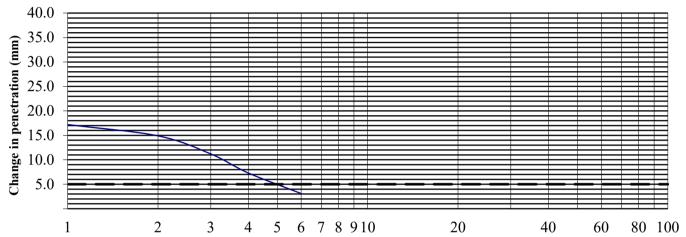
Hole Number: TP19 Top Depth (m): 1.00

Sample Number: Base Depth (m):

Sample Type: B+T

Material Retained on the 20mm BS Test Sieve (%):	33
Interpretation based on steepest straight line intercept with 5mm cha	nge in penetration.

MCV Determination



Number of Blows (n)

Blows	Penetration	n to 4n
(N)	(mm)	(mm)
1	59.2	17.2
2	50.4	14.9
3	46.0	11.2
4	42.0	7.3
6	37.6	3.1
8	35.5	
12	34.8	
16	34.7	
24	34.5	
32		
48		
64		
96		
128		
192		
256		

Test Results.

Moisture Content (%)	14
MCV	6.9





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

PSLRF014

No.1

Approved By: L Pavey

03/01/2023

MOISTURE CONDITION VALUE

BS1377: Part 4: 1990 Clause 5.4

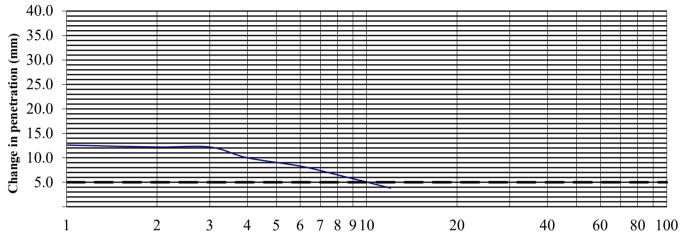
Hole Number: TP20 Top Depth (m): 1.00

Sample Number: Base Depth (m):

Sample Type: B+T

Material Retained on the 20mm BS Test Sieve (%):	36
Interpretation based on steepest straight line intercept with 5mm cha	ange in penetration.

MCV Determination



Number of Blows (n)

Blows	Penetration	n to 4n
(N)	(mm)	(mm)
1	56.4	12.6
2	50.1	12.2
3	46.7	12.2
4	43.8	10.0
6	40.2	8.3
8	37.9	6.5
12	34.5	3.8
16	33.8	
24	31.9	
32	31.4	
48	30.7	
64		
96		
128		
192		
256		

Test Results.

Moisture Content (%)	11
MCV	9.0





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/0371 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

PSLRF014

Issue No

Approved By: L Pavey

03/01/2023



Issued:

Certificate Number 23-04983

Client Professional Soils Laboratory Ltd

5/7 Hexthorpe Road

Hexthorpe DN4 0AR

Our Reference 23-04983

Client Reference PSL23/0371

Order No (not supplied)

Contract Title Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Description 2 Soil samples.

Date Received 01-Mar-23

Date Started 01-Mar-23

Date Completed 07-Mar-23

Test Procedures Identified by prefix DETSn (details on request).

Notes Opinions and interpretations are outside the laboratory's scope of ISO 17025 accreditation. This certificate is issued in accordance with the accreditation requirements of the United Kingdom Accreditation Service. The results reported herein relate only to the material supplied to the laboratory. This certificate shall not be

reproduced except in full, without the prior written approval of the laboratory.

Approved By

Kirk Bridgewood General Manager





07-Mar-23



Summary of Chemical Analysis Soil Samples

Our Ref 23-04983
Client Ref PSL23/0371

Contract Title Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Lab No	2132758	2132759
.Sample ID	TP12	TP13
Depth	3.00	1.00
Other ID		
Sample Type	В	В
Sampling Date	n/s	n/s
Sampling Time	n/s	n/s

Test	Method	LOD	Units		
Metals					
Magnesium Aqueous Extract	DETSC 2076*	10	mg/l	< 10	
Inorganics					
pH	DETSC 2008#		рН	7.1	
Organic matter	DETSC 2002#	0.1	%		1.4
Chloride Aqueous Extract	DETSC 2055	1	mg/l	2.3	
Nitrate Aqueous Extract as NO3	DETSC 2055	1	mg/l	< 1.0	
Sulphate Aqueous Extract as SO4	DETSC 2076#	10	mg/l	< 10	
Sulphur as S, Total	DETSC 2320	0.01	%	< 0.01	
Sulphate as SO4, Total	DETSC 2321#	0.01	%	0.02	



Inappropriate

Information in Support of the Analytical Results

Our Ref 23-04983 Client Ref PSL23/0371

Contract Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Containers Received & Deviating Samples

Date container for Sampled Containers Received Lab No Sample ID Holding time exceeded for tests tests 2132758 TP12 3.00 SOIL PT 1L Sample date not supplied, Anions 2:1 (30 days), Total Sulphur ICP (7 days), Total Sulphate ICP (30 days), Metals ICP Prep (182 days), pH + Conductivity PT 1L 2132759 TP13 1.00 SOIL Sample date not supplied, Organic Matter (Manual)

(28 days)

Key: P-Plastic T-Tub

DETS cannot be held responsible for the integrity of samples received whereby the laboratory did not undertake the sampling. In this instance samples received may be deviating. Deviating Sample criteria are based on British and International standards and laboratory trials in conjunction with the UKAS note 'Guidance on Deviating Samples'. All samples received are listed above. However, those samples that have additional comments in relation to hold time, inappropriate containers etc are deviating due to the reasons stated. This means that the analysis is accredited where applicable, but results may be compromised due to sample deviations. If no sampled date (soils) or date+time (waters) has been supplied then samples are deviating. However, if you are able to supply a sampled date (and time for waters) this will prevent samples being reported as deviating where specific hold times are not exceeded and where the container supplied is suitable.

Soil Analysis Notes

Inorganic soil analysis was carried out on a dried sample, crushed to pass a 425µm sieve, in accordance with BS1377.

Organic soil analysis was carried out on an 'as received' sample. Organics results are corrected for moisture and expressed on a dry weight basis.

The Loss on Drying, used to express organics analysis on an air dried basis, is carried out at a temperature of 28°C +/- 2°C .

Disposal

From the issue date of this test certificate, samples will be held for the following times prior to disposal :-Soils - 1 month, Liquids - 2 weeks, Asbestos (test portion) - 6 months

End of Report



LABORATORY REPORT



Contract Number: PSL23/1459

Report Date: 14 April 2023

Client's Reference: 12325-10-22

Client Name: Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd

Catherinestown House Hazelhatch Road

Newcastle Co Dublin D22 YD52

For the attention of: James Cashen

Contract Title: Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Date Received: 9/3/2023
Date Commenced: 9/3/2023
Date Completed: 14/4/2023

Notes: Opinions and Interpretations are outside the UKAS Accreditation

A copy of the Laboratory Schedule of accredited tests as issued by UKAS is attached to this report. This certificate is issued in accordance with the accreditation requirements of the United Kingdom Accreditation Service. The results reported herein relate only to the material supplied to the laboratory. This certificate shall not be reproduced other than in full, without the prior written approval of the laboratory.

Checked and Approved Signatories:

A Watkins R Berriman S Royle

(Director) (Quality Manager) (Laboratory Manager)

L Knight S Eyre T Watkins
(Assistant Laboratory Manager) (Senior Technician) (Senior Technician)

Page 1 of

8/4

5 - 7 Hexthorpe Road,

Hexthorpe, Doncaster, DN4 0AR

Tel: 01302 768098

Email: rberriman@prosoils.co.uk awatkins@prosoils.co.uk

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY SOIL DESCRIPTIONS

Hole Number	Sample Number	Sample Type	Top Depth m	Base Depth m	Description of Sample
TP-21		В	1.50		Brown clayey SAND & GRAVEL with many cobbles.
BH-03		C	1.90	6.50	Reddish brown SANDSTONE.
BH-03		C	6.60	10.00	Reddish brown SANDSTONE.
BH-04		В	6.50	8.00	Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY.
BH-04		В	8.00	9.50	Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY.
BH-04		В	9.50	11.00	Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY.
BH-04		В	11.00	11.50	Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY.
BH-04		В	12.50	14.00	Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY.





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No:

PSL23/1459

Client Ref:
12325-10-22

SUMMARY OF SOIL CLASSIFICATION TESTS

(BS1377: PART 2: 1990)

Hole	Comple	Commis	Ton	Daga	Moisture	Linear	Particle	Liquid	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index	Passing .425mm	Remarks
Number	Sample Number	Sample Type	Top Depth	Base Depth	Content %	Shrinkage %	Density Mg/m ³	Limit %	211111t %	muex %	.425IIIII %	Kemarks
Number	Number	Турс	m m	m	Clause 3.2	Clause 6.5	Clause 8.2	Clause 4.3/4	Clause 5.3		70	
BH-04		В	6.50	8.00	13	Clause 0.5	Clause 6.2	38	19	Clause 5.4 19	83	Intermediate Plasticity CI
BH-04		В	8.00	9.50	15			40	21	19	61	Intermediate Plasticity CI
BH-04		В	9.50	11.00	21			43	21	22	72	Intermediate Plasticity CI
BH-04		В	11.00	11.50	22			45	22	23	78	Intermediate Plasticity CI
BH-04		В	12.50	14.00	24			49	24	25	87	Intermediate Plasticity CI

SYMBOLS: NP: Non Plastic



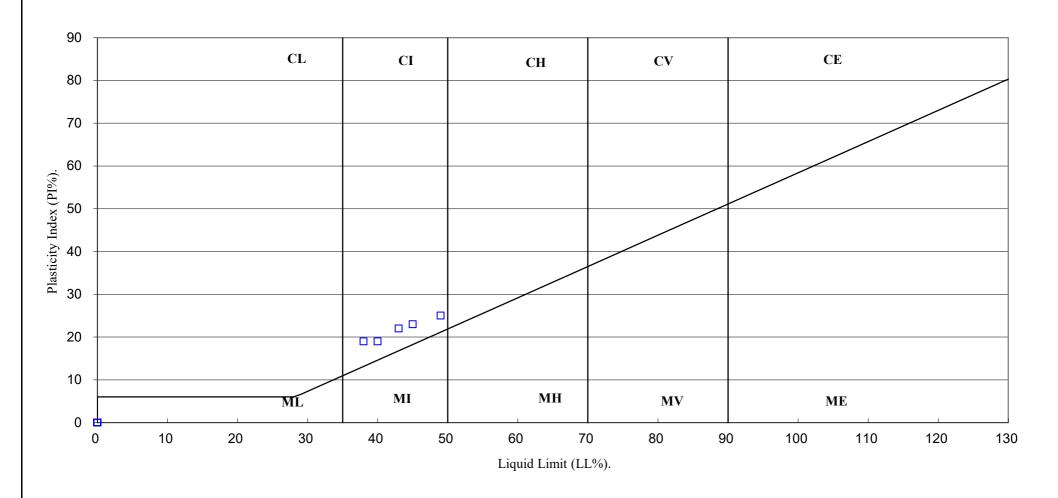


Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No:
PSL23/1459
Client Ref:
12325-10-22

^{*:} Liquid Limit and Plastic Limit Wet Sieved.

PLASTICITY CHART FOR CASAGRANDE CLASSIFICATION.







Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No:
PSL23/1459
Client Ref:
12325-10-22

PSLRF006

Issue No.1

Approved By: L Pavey

03/01/2023

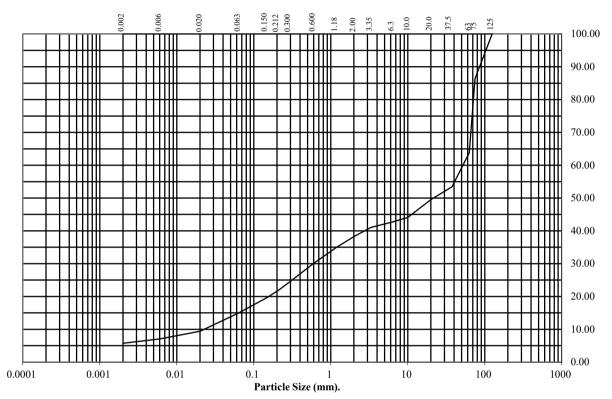
BS1377: Part 2: 1990

Wet Sieve & Pipette Analysis, Clause 9.2 & 9.4

Hole Number: TP-21 Top Depth (m): 1.50

Sample Number: Base Depth(m):

Sample Type: B



BS Test	Percentage
Sieve (mm)	Passing
125	100
75	86
63	64
37.5	53
20	50
10	44
6.3	43
3.35	41
2	38
1.18	35
0.6	30
0.3	25
0.212	22
0.15	20
0.063	15

Particle	Percentage	
Diameter	Passing	
0.02	9	
0.006	7	
0.002	6	

Soil	Total	
Fraction	Percentage	
Cobbles	36	
Gravel	26	
Sand	23	
Silt	9	
Clay	6	

Remarks:

See Summary of Soil Descriptions





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/1459 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

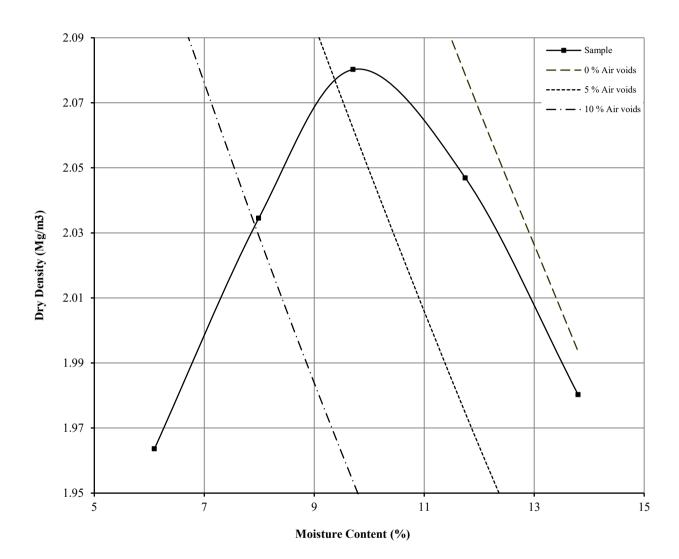
DRY DENSITY / MOISTURE CONTENT RELATIONSHIP

Non compliance with BS 1377: Part 4: Clause 3.4: 1990

Hole Number: TP-21 Top Depth (m): 1.50

Sample Number: Base Depth (m):

Sample Type: B



Initial Moisture Content:		9.7	Method of Compaction: 2.5kg		Separate Samples
Particle Density (Mg/m3):	2.75	Measured	Material Retained on 37.5 mm Test Sieve (%):		47
Maximum Dry Density (Mg/m3):		2.08	Material Retained on 20.0 mm Test Sieve (%):		4
Optimum Moisture Content (%): 10					
Remarks See summary of s	oil descriptions				





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract PSL23/1459 Client Ref 12325-10-22

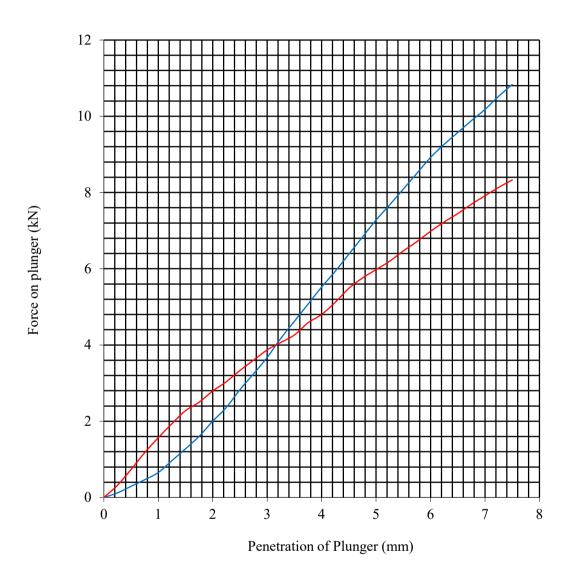
CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO TEST

Non compliance with BS 1377: Part 4: 1990

Hole Number: TP-21 Top Depth (m): 1.50

Sample Number: Base Depth (m):

Sample Type: B



Initial Sample Conditions Samp		Sample Prepara	aration Final Moisture Conto		ent % C.B.R. V		Value %
Moisture Content:	9.7	Surcharge Kg:	4.20	Sample Top	9.4	Sample Top	36.4
Bulk Density Mg/m3:	2.28	Soaking Time hrs	0	Sample Bottom	10	Sample Bottom	29.9
Dry Density Mg/m3:	2.08	Swelling mm:	0.00	Remarks : See Summary of Soil Descriptions.			
Percentage retained on 20mm BS test sieve:		51					
Compaction Conditions 2.5kg							

- Top

Bottom





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/1459 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

MOISTURE CONDITION VALUE

BS1377: Part 4: 1990 Clause 5.4

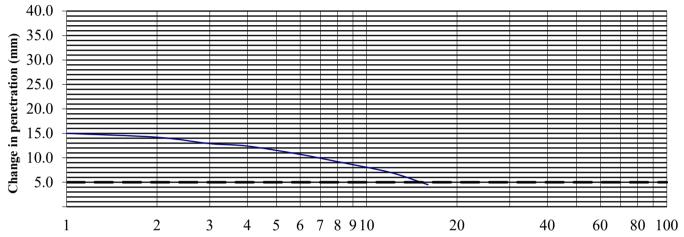
Hole Number: TP-21 Top Depth (m): 1.50

Sample Number: Base Depth (m):

Sample Type: B

I	Material Retained on the 20mm BS Test Sieve (%):	51
I	Interpretation based on steepest straight line intercept with 5mm cha	nge in penetration.

MCV Determination



Number of Blows (n)

Blows	Penetration	n to 4n
(N)	(mm)	(mm)
1	61.3	15.0
2	53.7	14.2
3	49.4	12.9
4	46.3	12.4
6	42.3	10.7
8	39.5	9.2
12	36.5	7.0
16	33.9	4.5
24	31.6	
32	30.3	
48	29.5	
64	29.4	
96		
128		
192		
256		

Test Results.

Moisture Content (%)	9.7
MCV	11.8





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/1459 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

PSLRF014

Issue No.

Approved By: L Pavey

03/01/2023

BS EN ISO 1097 Part 2: 2020

Hole Number: BH-03 Top Depth (m): 1.90

Sample Number: 1 Base Depth (m): 6.50

Sample Type: C Sample Date:

Sample Description: See summary of soil descriptions

Test Specimen Details:	Mass (g)	Mass (%)	
Passing 14mm sieve	5000	100	
Retained 12.5mm sieve	1834	37	
Retained 10mm sieve	3166	63	
Retained 1.6mm sieve post rotation and washing	3672	n/a	

Test Results:	
LA Coefficient	27

Remarks:			





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/1459 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

BS EN ISO 1097 Part 2: 2020

Hole Number: BH-03 Top Depth (m): 1.90

Sample Number: 2 Base Depth (m): 6.50

Sample Type: C Sample Date:

Sample Description: See summary of soil descriptions

Test Specimen Details:	Mass (g)	Mass (%)
Passing 14mm sieve	5000	100
Retained 12.5mm sieve	1851	37
Retained 10mm sieve	3149	63
Retained 1.6mm sieve post rotation and washing	3615	n/a

Test Results:	
LA Coefficient	28

Remarks:			





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/1459 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

BS EN ISO 1097 Part 2: 2020

Hole Number: BH-03 Top Depth (m): 6.60

Sample Number: 1 Base Depth (m): 10.00

Sample Type: C Sample Date:

Sample Description: See summary of soil descriptions

Test Specimen Details:	Mass (g)	Mass (%)
Passing 14mm sieve	5000	100
Retained 12.5mm sieve	1681	34
Retained 10mm sieve	3319	66
Retained 1.6mm sieve post rotation and washing	3824	n/a

Test Results:	
LA Coefficient	24

Remarks:			





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/1459 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

BS EN ISO 1097 Part 2: 2020

Hole Number: BH-03 Top Depth (m): 6.60

Sample Number: 2 Base Depth (m): 10.00

Sample Type: C Sample Date:

Sample Description: See summary of soil descriptions

Test Specimen Details:	Mass (g)	Mass (%)
Passing 14mm sieve	5000	100
Retained 12.5mm sieve	1635	33
Retained 10mm sieve	3365	67
Retained 1.6mm sieve post rotation and washing	3797	n/a

Test Results:	
LA Coefficient	24

Remarks:			





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/1459 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

WATER CONTENT OF ROCK

ISRM Suggested Methods - Rock Characterization Testing and Monitoring 1974 - 2006

Hole Number	Sample Number	Sample Type	Top Depth (m)	Base Depth (m)	Water Content (%)	Sample Description	Remarks
BH-03		C	2.10		1.0	Reddish brown SANDSTONE.	
BH-03		C	3.20		1.4	Reddish brown SANDSTONE.	
BH-03		C	3.80		1.2	Reddish brown SANDSTONE.	
BH-03		C	4.80		1.5	Reddish brown SANDSTONE.	
BH-03		C	6.90		1.1	Reddish brown SANDSTONE.	
BH-03		C	7.95		1.0	Reddish brown SANDSTONE.	
BH-03		C	8.45		0.8	Reddish brown SANDSTONE.	
BH-03		C	9.21		0.9	Reddish brown SANDSTONE.	





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No:
PSL23/1459
Client Ref:
12325-10-22

PSLRF087 Approved by: L Pavey Date: 03/01/2023 Issue No.1

SUMMARY OF POINT LOAD TEST RESULTS

ISRM Suggested Methods: 2007

Borehole Number	Depth (m)	Sample Ref	Test Type	Orientation	Dimei (m		Area	D _e ²	$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{e}}$	Failure 1	Load (P)	I_s	Corr Fac	I_{s50}	Failure Type	Remarks
rvamber		KCI	Турс	Par / Perp	W	D	(mm2)		(mm)	(Mpa)	(kN)	(MPa)	F	(MPa)	Турс	
BH-03	2.10		A	Perp	63	37	2331	2967.92	54.48	-	3.88	1.31	1.039	1.36	Valid	
BH-03	3.20		A	Perp	63	41	2583	3288.78	57.35	-	3.89	1.18	1.064	1.26	Valid	
BH-03	3.80		A	Perp	63	42	2646	3368.99	58.04	ı	3.74	1.11	1.069	1.19	Valid	
BH-03	4.80		A	Perp	63	31	1953	2486.64	49.87	-	4.01	1.61	0.999	1.61	Valid	
BH-03	6.90		A	Perp	63	40	2520	3208.56	56.64	ı	11.27	3.51	1.058	3.72	Valid	
BH-03	7.95		A	Perp	63	37	2331	2967.92	54.48	ı	12.87	4.34	1.039	4.51	Valid	
BH-03	8.45		A	Perp	63	41	2583	3288.78	57.35	-	10.88	3.31	1.064	3.52	Valid	
BH-03	9.21		A	Perp	63	39	2457	3128.35	55.93	ı	12.21	3.90	1.052	4.10	Valid	
BH-04	15.40		A	Perp	63	41	2583	3288.78	57.35	-	11.87	3.61	1.064	3.84	Valid	
BH-04	16.40		A	Perp	63	32	2016	2566.85	50.66	ı	6.77	2.64	1.006	2.65	Valid	
BH-04	18.20		A	Perp	63	27	1701	2165.78	46.54	ı	7.41	3.42	0.968	3.31	Valid	
							-		-							

*Note All testing carried out on samples at as received water content

Par = parallel, Perp = perpendicular, U = Random

A = Axial, D = Diametral, I = Irregular





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No:
PSL23/1459
Client Ref:
12325-10-22

PSLRF078 Approved by: L Pavey Date: 03/01/2023 Issue No.1

SUMMARY OF POINT LOAD TEST RESULTS

ISRM Suggested Methods: 2007

	Sample Ref	Sample Ref	_		_	_		Test Type	Orientation		nsions m)	D _e ²	D _e	Failur	e Load	I _s	Corr Fac	I_{s50}	Failure Type	Remarks
Tulliou	()	1401	1,100	Par / Perp	L	D		(mm)	(Mpa)	(kN)	(MPa)	F	(MPa)	1300						
BH-03	2.10		D	Par	-	63	3969	63.00	-	2.33	0.587	1.110	0.65	Valid						
BH-03	3.20		D	Par	-	63	3969	63.00	-	2.40	0.605	1.110	0.67	Valid						
BH-03	3.80		D	Par		63	3969	63.00	-	2.30	0.579	1.110	0.64	Valid						
BH-03	4.80		D	Par	-	63	3969	63.00	-	2.48	0.625	1.110	0.69	Valid						
BH-03	6.90		D	Par	-	63	3969	63.00	-	7.05	1.776	1.110	1.97	Valid						
BH-03	7.95		D	Par	-	63	3969	63.00	-	6.37	1.605	1.110	1.78	Valid						
BH-03	8.45		D	Par	-	63	3969	63.00	-	7.03	1.771	1.110	1.97	Valid						
BH-03	9.21		D	Par	-	63	3969	63.00	-	6.89	1.736	1.110	1.93	Valid						
BH-04	15.40		D	Par	-	63	3969	63.00	-	7.02	1.769	1.110	1.96	Valid						
BH-04	16.40		D	Par	-	63	3969	63.00	-	4.27	1.076	1.110	1.19	Valid						
BH-04	18.20		D	Par	-	63	3969	63.00	-	5.86	1.476	1.110	1.64	Valid						
_	_		_										_							

*Note All testing carried out on samples at as received water content

Par = parallel, Perp = perpendicular, U = Random





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No:
PSL23/1459
Client Ref:
12325-10-22

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

ISRM Suggested Methods - Rock Characterization Testing and Monitoring 1974 - 2006

Borehole Number: BH-03 Top Depth (m): 2.40

Sample Number: - Base Depth (m): 2.60

Sample Type: C Sample Date: -

Storage Condition: Sealed in core box Date of Reciept 08/03/2023

Sample Description: Reddish brown SANDSTONE

Specimen Details/Conditions						
Diameter - mm:	63.20					
Height - mm:	160.12					
Water Content - %:	1.3					
Sample Mass - g:	1393.4					
Bulk Density - Mg/m ³ :	2.77					
Dry Density - Mg/m ³ :	2.74					
Height Ratio: * Sample complies with H:D ratio	2.5					
Degree of Saturation - %:	91					
Assumed Specific Gravity for Degree of Saturation:	2.85					

Test Result					
Load Frame/Machine:	CM1/Controls				
Date of test:	04/04/2023				
Test Duration - mins:	00:32				
Orientation:	Unknown				
Stress Rate - MPa/s:	0.85				
Strain at Failure - kN:	85.27				
Unconfined Compressive Strength - Mpa:	27.2				
Mode of Failure:	Vertical Shear				

Remarks: -			





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/1459 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

ISRM Suggested Methods - Rock Characterization Testing and Monitoring 1974 - 2006

Borehole Number: BH-03 Top Depth (m): 8.00

Sample Number: - Base Depth (m): 8.20

Sample Type: C Sample Date: -

Storage Condition: Sealed in core box Date of Reciept 08/03/2023

Sample Description: Reddish brown SANDSTONE

Specimen Details/Conditions						
Diameter - mm:	63.00					
Height - mm:	160.20					
Water Content - %:	1.3					
Sample Mass - g:	1397.2					
Bulk Density - Mg/m ³ :	2.80					
Dry Density - Mg/m ³ :	2.76					
Height Ratio: * Sample complies with H:D ratio	2.5					
Degree of Saturation - %:	95					
Assumed Specific Gravity for Degree of Saturation:	2.87					

Test Result					
Load Frame/Machine:	CM1/Controls				
Date of test:	04/04/2023				
Test Duration - mins:	00:42				
Orientation:	Unknown				
Stress Rate - MPa/s:	0.68				
Strain at Failure - kN:	89.17				
Unconfined Compressive Strength - Mpa:	28.6				
Mode of Failure:	Vertical Shear				

Remarks: -			





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/1459 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

UNIAXIAL COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

ISRM Suggested Methods - Rock Characterization Testing and Monitoring 1974 - 2006

Borehole Number: BH-04 Top Depth (m): 15.00

Sample Number: - Base Depth (m): 15.35

Sample Type: C Sample Date: -

Storage Condition: Sealed in core box Date of Reciept 08/03/2023

Sample Description: Reddish brown SANDSTONE

Specimen Details/Conditions			
Diameter - mm:	63.20		
Height - mm:	159.80		
Water Content - %:	1.1		
Sample Mass - g:	1390.3		
Bulk Density - Mg/m ³ :	2.77		
Dry Density - Mg/m ³ :	2.74		
Height Ratio: * Sample complies with H:D ratio	2.5		
Degree of Saturation - %:	81		
Assumed Specific Gravity for Degree of Saturation:	2.85		

Test Result			
Load Frame/Machine:	CM1/Controls		
Date of test:	04/04/2023		
Test Duration - mins:	00:41		
Orientation:	Unknown		
Stress Rate - MPa/s:	0.73		
Strain at Failure - kN:	93.70		
Unconfined Compressive Strength - Mpa:	29.9		
Mode of Failure:	Vertical Shear		

Remarks: -			





Coumnagappul Wind Farm

Contract No: PSL23/1459 Client Ref: 12325-10-22

PSLRF106 Issue No.1 Approved by: L Pavey 20/02/2023



Hexthorpe

Doncaster Order No: PSL23/1459

West Yorkshire

DN4 0AR Page 1 of 1

Contract: Coumnagappul Wind Farm

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

TEST REQUIREMENTS: To determine the Magnesium Sulfate Value of aggregate sample within the size range 10mm to 14mm in accordance with **BS EN 1367-2 : 2009**

SAMPLE DETAILS:

Certificate of sampling received: No

Laboratory Ref. No: S109969

Client Ref. No: BH-03 @ 1.9-6.5M - Sample 2

Date and Time of Sampling:

Date of Receipt at Lab:

Date of Start of Test:

Sampling Location:

Name of Source:

Method of Sampling:

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Sampled By: Client (Test results apply to sample as received)

Tested By: OR

Material Description: Rock Core
Target Specification: N/A

RESULTS:

Magnesium Sulfate Value Portion 1 (MS_1) = 6.4% Magnesium Sulfate Value Portion 2 (MS_2) = 5.8%

Mean Magnesium Sulfate Value (MS) = 6%

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of Celtest Company Limited.

These results relate only to the items tested.

<u>Comments</u>

Proportion by mass of laboratory sample used for the test portion = 5% (nearest 5%)

Report checked and approved by:

Ewen McKay





Hexthorpe

Doncaster Order No: PSL23/1459

West Yorkshire

DN4 0AR Page 1 of 1

Contract: Coumnagappul Wind Farm

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

TEST REQUIREMENTS: To determine the Magnesium Sulfate Value of aggregate sample within the size range 10mm to 14mm in accordance with **BS EN 1367-2 : 2009**

SAMPLE DETAILS:

Certificate of sampling received: No

Laboratory Ref. No: S109969

Client Ref. No: **BH-03 @ 1.9-6.5M - Sample 1**

Date and Time of Sampling:

Date of Receipt at Lab:

Date of Start of Test:

Sampling Location:

Name of Source:

Method of Sampling:

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Sampled By: Client (Test results apply to sample as received)

Tested By: OR

Material Description: Rock Core
Target Specification: N/A

RESULTS:

Magnesium Sulfate Value Portion 1 (MS_1) = 6.8% Magnesium Sulfate Value Portion 2 (MS_2) = 6%

Mean Magnesium Sulfate Value (MS) = 6%

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of Celtest Company Limited.

These results relate only to the items tested.

Comments

Proportion by mass of laboratory sample used for the test portion = 5% (nearest 5%)

Report checked and approved by:

Ewen McKay





Hexthorpe

Doncaster Order No: PSL23/1459

West Yorkshire

DN4 0AR Page 1 of 1

Contract: Coumnagappul Wind Farm

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

TEST REQUIREMENTS: To determine the Magnesium Sulfate Value of aggregate sample within the size range 10mm to 14mm in accordance with **BS EN 1367-2 : 2009**

SAMPLE DETAILS:

Certificate of sampling received: No

Laboratory Ref. No: S109969

Client Ref. No: **BH-03 @ 6.6-10.0M - Sample 1**

Date and Time of Sampling:

Date of Receipt at Lab:

Date of Start of Test:

Sampling Location:

Name of Source:

Method of Sampling:

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Sampled By: Client (Test results apply to sample as received)

Tested By: OR

Material Description: Rock Core

Target Specification: N/A

RESULTS:

Magnesium Sulfate Value Portion 1 (MS_1) = 9.9% Magnesium Sulfate Value Portion 2 (MS_2) = 12.2%

Mean Magnesium Sulfate Value (MS) = 11%

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These results relate only to the items tested.

<u>Comments</u>

Proportion by mass of laboratory sample used for the test portion = 5% (nearest 5%)

Report checked and approved by:

Ewen McKay





Hexthorpe

Doncaster Order No: PSL23/1459

West Yorkshire

DN4 0AR Page 1 of 1

Contract: Coumnagappul Wind Farm

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

TEST REQUIREMENTS: To determine the Magnesium Sulfate Value of aggregate sample within the size range 10mm to 14mm in accordance with **BS EN 1367-2 : 2009**

SAMPLE DETAILS:

Certificate of sampling received: No

Laboratory Ref. No: S109969

Client Ref. No: BH-03 @ 6.6-10.0M - Sample 2

Date and Time of Sampling:

Date of Receipt at Lab:

Date of Start of Test:

Sampling Location:

Name of Source:

Method of Sampling:

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Sampled By: Client (Test results apply to sample as received)

Tested By: OR

Material Description: Rock Core
Target Specification: N/A

RESULTS:

Magnesium Sulfate Value Portion 1 (MS_1) = 9.4% Magnesium Sulfate Value Portion 2 (MS_2) = 10.2%

Mean Magnesium Sulfate Value (MS) = 10%

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of Celtest Company Limited.

These results relate only to the items tested.

<u>Comments</u>

Proportion by mass of laboratory sample used for the test portion = 5% (nearest 5%)

Report checked and approved by:

Ewen McKay





Hexthorpe

Doncaster Order No: PSL23/1459

West Yorkshire

DN4 0AR Page 1 of 1

Contract: Coumnagappul Wind Farm

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

TEST REQUIREMENTS: To determine the Particle Density and water absorption for aggregate

sample between 4 mm and 31.5mm, in accordance with

BS EN 1097-6: 2013 Clause 8

SAMPLE DETAILS:

Certificate of sampling received: No

Laboratory Ref. No: S109969

Client Ref. No: **BH-03 @ 1.9-6.5M - Sample 1**

Date and Time of Sampling:

Date of Receipt at Lab:

Date of Start of Test:

Sampling Location:

Name of Source:

Method of Sampling:

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Sampled By: Client (Test results apply to sample as received)

Tested By: OR

Material Description: Rock Core

Target Specification: N/A

RESULTS:

Particle density on an oven-dried basis = 2.60 Mg/m³
Particle density on a saturated and surface-dried basis = 2.63 Mg/m³
Apparent Particle density = 2.66 Mg/m³
Water absorption (of dry mass) = 0.7 %

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of Celtest Company Limited.

These results relate only to the items tested.

 Comments:
 Report checked and approved by:

 None
 Ewen McKay

 Assistant Soils Team Manager





Hexthorpe

Doncaster Order No: PSL23/1459

West Yorkshire

DN4 0AR Page 1 of 1

Contract: Coumnagappul Wind Farm

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

TEST REQUIREMENTS: To determine the Particle Density and water absorption for aggregate

sample between 4 mm and 31.5mm, in accordance with

BS EN 1097-6: 2013 Clause 8

SAMPLE DETAILS:

Certificate of sampling received: No

Laboratory Ref. No: S109969

Client Ref. No: BH-03 @ 1.9-6.5M - Sample 2

Date and Time of Sampling:

Date of Receipt at Lab:

Date of Start of Test:

Sampling Location:

Name of Source:

Method of Sampling:

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Sampled By: Client (Test results apply to sample as received)

Tested By: OR

Material Description: Rock Core

Target Specification: N/A

RESULTS:

Particle density on an oven-dried basis = 2.57 Mg/m³
Particle density on a saturated and surface-dried basis = 2.59 Mg/m³
Apparent Particle density = 2.62 Mg/m³
Water absorption (of dry mass) = 0.8 %

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of Celtest Company Limited.

These results relate only to the items tested.

Comments:

None

Report checked and approved by:

Ewen McKay

Assistant Soils Team Manager





Hexthorpe

Doncaster Order No: PSL23/1459

West Yorkshire

DN4 0AR Page 1 of 1

Contract: Coumnagappul Wind Farm

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

TEST REQUIREMENTS: To determine the Particle Density and water absorption for aggregate

sample between 4 mm and 31.5mm, in accordance with

BS EN 1097-6: 2013 Clause 8

SAMPLE DETAILS:

Certificate of sampling received: No

Laboratory Ref. No: S109969

Client Ref. No: **BH-03 @ 6.6-10.0M - Sample 1**

Date and Time of Sampling:

Date of Receipt at Lab:

Date of Start of Test:

Sampling Location:

Name of Source:

Method of Sampling:

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Sampled By: Client (Test results apply to sample as received)

Tested By: OR

Material Description: Rock Core

Target Specification: N/A

RESULTS:

Particle density on an oven-dried basis = 2.74 Mg/m³
Particle density on a saturated and surface-dried basis = 2.75 Mg/m³
Apparent Particle density = 2.78 Mg/m³
Water absorption (of dry mass) = 0.5 %

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of Celtest Company Limited.

These results relate only to the items tested.

Comments:

None

Report checked and approved by:

Ewen McKay

Assistant Soils Team Manager





Hexthorpe

Doncaster Order No: PSL23/1459

West Yorkshire

DN4 0AR Page 1 of 1

Contract: Coumnagappul Wind Farm

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

TEST REQUIREMENTS: To determine the Particle Density and water absorption for aggregate

sample between 4 mm and 31.5mm, in accordance with

BS EN 1097-6: 2013 Clause 8

SAMPLE DETAILS:

Certificate of sampling received: No

Laboratory Ref. No: S109969

Client Ref. No: BH-03 @ 6.6-10.0M - Sample 2

Date and Time of Sampling:

Date of Receipt at Lab:

Date of Start of Test:

Sampling Location:

Name of Source:

Method of Sampling:

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

Sampled By: Client (Test results apply to sample as received)

Tested By: OR

Material Description: Rock Core

Target Specification: N/A

RESULTS:

Particle density on an oven-dried basis = 2.71 Mg/m³
Particle density on a saturated and surface-dried basis = 2.73 Mg/m³
Apparent Particle density = 2.76 Mg/m³
Water absorption (of dry mass) = 0.7 %

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of Celtest Company Limited.

These results relate only to the items tested.

Comments:

None

Report checked and approved by:

Ewen McKay

Assistant Soils Team Manager



APPENDIX 5 – Groundwater Monitoring





Catherinestown House, Hazelhatch Road, Newcastle, Co. Dublin. D22 YD52

Tel: 01 601 5175 / 5176

Email: info@gii.ie Web: www.gii.ie

GROUNDWATER MONITORING

Coumnagappul Wind Farm

BOREHOLE	DATE	TIME	GROUNDWATER (m BGL)	Comments
BH-03	22/02/2023	10:45:00	2.01	Before Purge
BH-03	22/02/2023	11:50:00	2.07	After Purge
BH-04	22/02/2023	09:00:00	7.83	Before Purge
BH-04	22/02/2023	09:55:00	7.93	After Purge



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